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MI002671

# Seneca Z-PC Line module: **S203TA**

The S203TA module is a three-phase network analyzer for electric-line voltage up to 600Vac and electric-line current up to the current transformer rated current (50 Hz or 60 Hz). The module has an analog output, electrical value directly proportional to selected input: voltage-type output or current-type output. The electrical value (analog output) is available on screw terminals and the normalized value is available on RS485 registers.

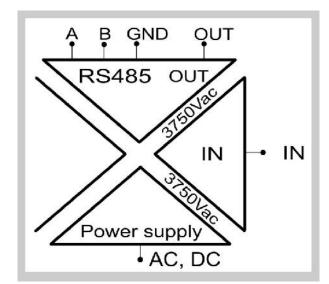
#### **General characteristics**

- ➢ It is possible to detect, with reference to the electric-line and load connected to its: RMS voltage, RMS current, active power, reactive power, apparent power, cos⊕, frequency, energy (for each measure: phase A, phase B, phase C and three-phase values are available, except frequency)
- > Normalized start/end scale between 0..+10000 (for RMS voltage, RMS current, active power, apparent power) or between  $\pm$  10000 (for reactive power,  $\cos \Phi$ )
- > It is possible to reset the energy values
- It is possible to manage connections for high power devices using current transformers (with secondary current=5Arms)
- It is possible to connect the module using single-phase insertion, ARON insertion (three-phase without neutral), 4-wires insertion (three-phase with neutral), single-phase without CT insertion
- It is possible to configure the module (node) address and baud-rate by Dip-Switches
- It is possible to configure electrical-line frequency, output (electrical value), single/three phase application, rescaled-input type, insertion-type and maximum current by Dip-Switches

INPUT							
Number	3 (Phase A, phase B, phase C) + Neutral						
Accuracy	0.2% of E.E.S. (Voltmeter, amperemeter, watt-meter) + accuracy						
	of the current transformer						
	Thermal stability: < 100 ppm/°K						
	EMI: < 1%						
Protection	This module provides inputs protection against the ESD (up to $4kV$ )						
Voltage-type IN	E.S.S./E.E.S.(Electrical Start/End Scale) between: 0600Vac. Input impedance: 800 k $\Omega$						
Current-type IN	E.S.S./E.E.S.(Electrical Start/End Scale) between: 0primary current of current transformer; max peak factor: 3. Input impedance: 1 $\Omega$						
OUTPUT							
Number	1						
Туре	Voltage, active current, passive current						
Accuracy	0.1% of output scale range						
Cables at secondary circuit	The power consumption through two cables (they are necessary to connect CT secondary to S203TA) must to be less than rated power of current transformer						
Response time (10%90%)	0.4s						
Voltage-type OUT	Output scale range configurable between: 0-10 V or 0-5V (minimum resistance that can be connected: 2 k $\Omega$ ). Saturation value is 11V						

#### Features

Current-type OUT	Output scale range configurable between: 0-20 mA or 4-20mA (max resistance that can be connected: $500\Omega$ ). Saturation value is 22mA
CONNECTIONS	
RS485 interface	Screw terminals 31 (B), 32 (A), 33 (GND)
ISOLATIONS	
	1500Vac isolation between: power supply, ModBUS RS485 + output
	3750Vac isolation between: input (electric network) and other parts

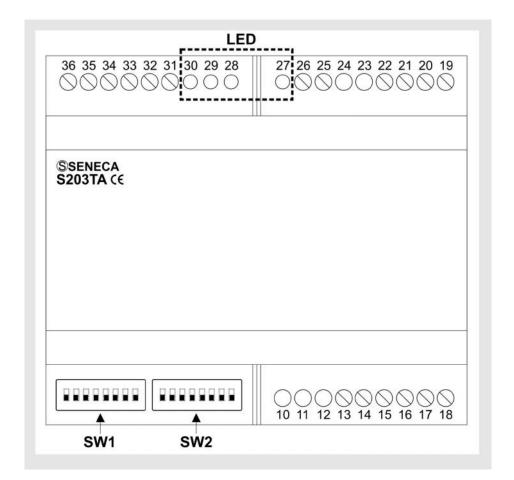


POWER SUPPLY	
Supply voltage	10 – 40 Vdc or 19 – 28 Vac (50Hz - 60Hz)
Power	Max: 2.5 W
consumption	

The power supply transformer necessary to supply the module must comply with EN60742 (Isolated transformers and safety transformers requirements). To protect the power supply, it is recommended to install a fuse.

"Accuracy" terms are guaranteed with reference to the following ranges: RMS voltage=40...600Vac, RMS current=(0.4...100)% of I<sub>NOM</sub> (current-transformer primary-current).

MODULE CASE	
Case-type	DIN 43880, UL94VO plastic material, gray
Dimensions	105x89x60mm
Terminal board	Not removable 3-way screw terminals: pitch 5.08mm, sections
	2.5mm <sup>2</sup>
Protection class	IP20

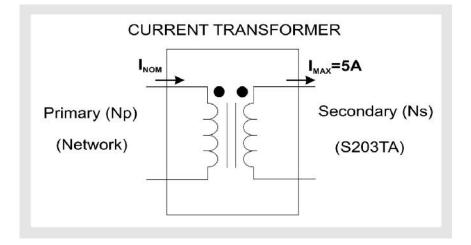


Screw terminals	Measurement scala range
13, 14	Connect CT secondary for phase A
15, 16	Connect CT secondary for phase B
17, 18	Connect CT secondary for phase C
19, 20, 21, 22	See input connection figure
25, 26	Power supply (1040Vdc or 1928Vac; 2.5W)
27	LED PWR
28	LED ERR
29	LED Tx
30	LED Rx
31	RS485 B
32	RS485 A
33	RS485 GND
34, 35, 36	See output connection figure

#### Connections

#### Input connection

In the following figure are shown typical current transformer, to connect S203TA module with electrical-line.



Np=turn number of primary; Ns=turn number of secondary.

Accuracy class equal to 0.2 is the accuracy class related to the S203TA module only: it is regardless of the accuracy class for current transformer CT, because CT is chosen by user (this is not true for S203T module).

In the following figure are shown input connections for four insertion types: single-phase, single-phase without current transformer, ARON (three-phase with two CT) and 4-wires (three-phase with three CT).

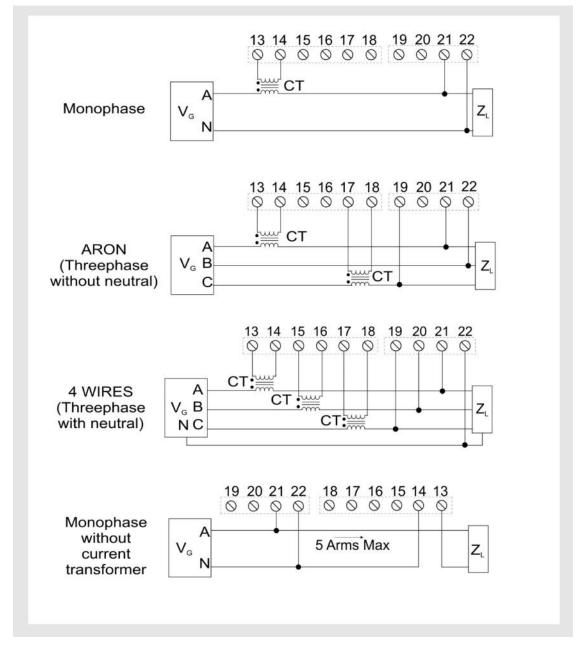


ONLY the connections shown in the following figure for S203TA module are allowed!

If a negative power is measured, check current transformer insertion!



It is forbidden to connect the current transformer secondary to ground.

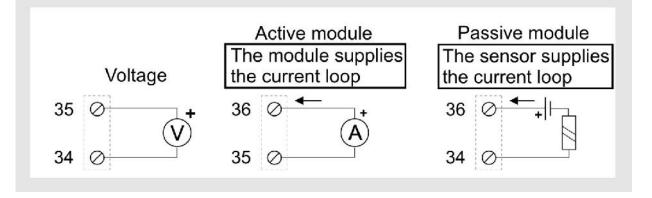




In "single-phase without current transformer"-insertion figure, screw terminals are shown in a different position!

14, 16, 18, 22 screw terminals are connected internally.

#### Output connection



Shielded cables are recommended to connect the outputs.

It is not possible to obtain an output (electric value) directly proportional to the electricline frequency, energy, reactive power, apparent power (see Dip-switches SW2-6 and SW2-7).

This module allows to associate a electric quantity (RMS voltage, RMS current, active power,  $\cos\phi$ , through Dip-switches) to the analog output value (and normalized measure), as described in the following points:

- if selected electric quantity (single-phase/three-phase, RMS voltage/RMS current/active power/cosφ) is less than MinIN (reg.40028, 40029 floating point): normalized measure (reg.40217) is equal to 0 and analog output is 0% (0V, 0mA, 4mA), available through screw terminals;
- if selected electric quantity (single-phase/three-phase, RMS voltage/RMS current/active power/cosφ) is greater than MaxIN (reg.40030, 40031 floating point): normalized measure (reg. 40217) is equal to 10000 and analog output is 100% (5V, 10V, 20mA), available through screw terminals;
- if selected electric quantity (single-phase/three-phase, RMS voltage/RMS current/active power/cosφ) is between MinIN and MaxIN, analog output (current/voltage) is directly proportional to the selected electric quantity and it is available through screw terminals.

To choose if electric quantity is single-phase (it is possible to choose which phase: A, B or C) or three-phase, set reg.40025.

RS485 serial port and power supply



## Functioning

The S203TA module allows to detect and capture the following electric quantity: RMS voltage, RMS current, active power, reactive power, apparent power, frequency,  $\cos\phi$ , energy. For each quantity, it is possible to read phase A, phase B, phase C and three-phase value (except for frequency).

The measure ranges for RMS voltage, RMS current, active power, reactive power, apparent power, energy,  $\cos \Phi$ , frequency are shown in the following table.

Possible measures (electric quantities)	Measurement scale range		
RMS voltage	0600Vac		
RMS current	0 I <sub>NOM</sub> (current transformer)		
Active power	0… (600·I <sub>NOM</sub> ) W		
Reactive power	0 (600·I <sub>NOM</sub> ) VAR		
Apparent power	0 (600·I <sub>NOM</sub> ) VA		
Energy	/		
CosΦ	01		
Frequency	4070Hz		

The S203TA module allows to read floating point measures (for every quantity) and normalized values (except for energy and frequency); in particular, energy values are kept stored if module is power off.

**RMS** voltage, RMS current, active power, frequency, energy are measured by S203TA directly (for each phase A, B, C); reactive power, apparent power,  $\cos \Phi$  and all three-phase values are obtained through processing by S203TA.

Possible measures	Symbol	Measured value	Calculated value	Value
RMS voltage for phase A,B,C	Va Vb Vc	٠		/
Average RMS voltage (three- phase)	V		•	$(V_A + V_B + V_C)/3$
RMS current for phase A,B,C	IA IB IC	٠		/
Average RMS current (three-phase)	I		•	$(I_{A} + I_{B} + I_{C})/3$
Active power for phase A,B,C	Ра Рв Рс	•		/
Active power (three-phase)	Р		•	Ра + Рв + Рс
Reactive power for phase A,B,C	QA QB QC		•	$\frac{\mathbf{P}_{A}}{\sqrt{S_{4,B,C}^{2}}} + \mathbf{F}_{A,B,C} = \mathbf{P}_{A,B,C}^{2}$
Reactive power (three-phase)	Q		•	$Q_A + Q_B + Q_C$
Apparent power for phase A,B,C	SA SB SC		•	V <sub>A,B,C</sub> ·I <sub>A,B,C</sub>
Apparent power (three-phase)	S		•	$S_A + S_B + S_C$
Energy for phase A,B,C	Ea Eb Ec	•		/
Energy (three-phase)	E		•	Е <sub>А</sub> + Е <sub>В</sub> + Ес
CosΦ for phase A,B,C	COSφ <sub>A</sub> COSφ <sub>B</sub> COSφ <sub>C</sub>		•	P <sub>A,B,C</sub> /S <sub>A,B,C</sub>
$Cos\Phi$ (three-phase)	cosø		•	P/S
Frequency (*)	f	•		/

(\*) It is possible to use the S203TA module as frequency meter to measure frequencies between 40Hz and 70Hz. To measure RMS voltage, RMS current, active power, reactive power, apparent power, energy,  $\cos\Phi$ , the signal has to have an accurate frequency (about 50Hz or 60Hz).

It is possible to compensate the electrical-line frequency: energy and power measures correction for 50Hz or 60Hz (if network frequency fluctuation is greater than 30mHz).

#### Dip-switches table

In the following tables: box without circle means Dip-Switch=0 (OFF state); box with circle means Dip-Switch=1 (ON state).

BA	UD-F	RATE	: (Dip	o-Sw	itche	es: SW1)			
1	2	Me	Meaning						
		Βαι	ud-ra	te=9	600 E	Baud			
	٠	Bau	ud-ra	te=1	9200	Baud			
٠		Βαι	ud-ra	te=3	8400	Baud			
٠	٠	Βαι	ud-ra	te=5	7600	Baud			
AD	DRE	SS (I	Dip-S	Switc	hes:	SW1)			
3	4	5	6	7	8	Meaning			
						Address and Baud-Rate are acquired from memory(EEPROM)			
					•	Address=1			
				٠		Address=2			
				٠	٠	Address=3			
			٠			Address=4			
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х				
٠	•	٠	٠	٠	•	Address=63			

FR	REQUENCY (Dip-Switches: SW2)					
1	Meaning					
	Elec	tric network frequency=50Hz				
٠	Elec	tric network frequency=60Hz				
OL	ITPU	I – ELECTRIC VALUE (Dip-Switches: SW2)				
2	3	Meaning				
		Output=010V				
	٠	Output=05V				
٠		Output=020mA				
•	٠	Output=420mA				
AP	PLIC	ATION TYPE (Dip-Switches: SW2)				
4	Mea	ning				
	Thre	e-phase				
٠	Single-phase					
INS	ISERTION TYPE (Dip-Switches: SW2)					
5	Meaning					
		res (it is activated if SW2-4 is "Three-phase")				
•	Aror	(it is activated if SW2-4 is "Three-phase")				

INF	PUT –	- ELECTRIC VALUE SENT TO OUTPUT – ELECTRIC VALUE (Dip-Switches: SW2)					
6	7	Meaning					
		RMS voltage					
	•	RMS current					
•		Active power					
٠	•	Cosø					
MA	X CL	IRRENT MEASURABLE USING CT TURNS RATIO Np/Ns EQUAL TO 1:1000 (Dip-Switches:					
SW	V2)						
8	Mea	ining					
	100A						
•	25A						

Np=turn number of primary; Ns=turn number of secondary.

## RS485 register table

Name	Range	Interpretation of register	R/W	Default	Address
MachineID	/	MSB, LSB	R		40001
	Id_Code (Module ID)			0x41	Bit [15:8]
	Ext_Rev (Module version)				Bit [7:0]
Errors	/	Bit	R		40133
	Energy value saving error: 0=th	nere isn't; 1=there is		1	Bit 15
	These bits aren't used		Bit [14:7]		
	Phases B,C reversal: 0=there is			1	Bit 6
	Phase C voltage: 0=it is not a 1=it is acquired correctly (>40V	ac)	,.	/	Bit 5
	Phase B voltage: 0=it is not acc 1=it is acquired correctly (>40V	ac)		/	Bit 4
	Phase A voltage: 0=it is not acc 1=it is acquired correctly (>40V	/	Bit 3		
	These bits aren't used			1	Bit [2:0]
Reset		Word	R/W		40131
	Module reset (if reg.40131=0x1 Energy reset for phases A, B, C		00)	/	
Frequency compensation		Bit	R/W		40024
•	These bits aren't used		L	1	Bit [15:1]
	Network frequency compensation: energy and power measures correction for 50Hz or 60Hz (if network frequency fluctuation is greater than 30mHz). Voltage and current values are regardless of reg.40024			0	Bit 0
Baudrate Delay	1	MSB, LSB	R/W		40026
	Baud-rate for RS485 (baud parameters are configurated 0=4800; 1=9600; 2=1920 5=115200; 6=1200; 7=2400	d by memory ma		38400	Bit [15:8]

	Delay for RS485 (delay of c represents the number of the of Rx message and the start of to 0xFF=255 (*)1 pause=6 cha	pauses(*) between t Tx message): from (	he end	0	Bit [7:0]
Address	1	MSB, LSB	R/W		40025
Parity	Address for RS485 (address of are configurated by memory 0xFF=255			1	Bit [15:8]
	Parity for RS485: 0=there is parity	sn't; 1=even parity;	2=odd	0	Bit [7:0]
СТ Туре		Word	R/W		40016
	These bits aren't used			1	Bit [15:1]
	Current Transformer-type set output=5Arms (as the eq transformer); 1=compensated Only for equipment supplied of CT) the precision class is guara	uipment supplied CT (phase error is current transformer (p	current zero).	0	Bit 0
Nominal Current MSW		Word	R/W		40018
Nominal Current LSW		Word	R/W		40019
	setting. This value affects: F value, active power floating p floating point value, apparent energy floating point value (bo				
OUT phase		Word	R/W		40017
	Output-electric value (see scre Dip-switches SW2-6 and SW2 following phases: 0=phase A 1=phase B 2=phase C Any other value of reg.40017=t	-7) is referred to one		0 (if single- phase)	
MinIN MSW		FP32bit_MSW	R/W		40020
MinIN LSW		FP32bit_LSW	R/W		40021
	Input-electric value correspond value and minimum output-elect phase corresponds to normaliz choose which input-electric normalized value, set Dip-Sw (RMS voltage, RMS current, ac voltage, MinIN is [V]; for RMS active power, MinIN is [W dimensionless number	which 017; to ds to SW2-7 or RMS nA]; for	0		
MaxIN MSW		FP32bit_MSW	R/W		40022
MaxIN LSW		FP32bit_LSW	R/W		40023
	Input-electric value correspond value and max output-electric phase corresponds to normaliz choose which input-electric normalized value, set Dip-Sw (RMS voltage, RMS current, ac voltage, MaxIN is [V]; for RMS active power, MaxIN is [W dimensionless number	which 017; to ds to SW2-7 or RMS nA]; for	600		

Normalized	Between:0; 10000	Word	R	402	17
Measure	Normalized measure of inp 40020,40021 FP) and reg which phase correspond reg.40017; to know which in to normalized value, see D configuration (RMS voltage cosφ). Reg.40217 is equal to 0, if less than reg.40020,40021 Reg.40217 is equal to 10 value is greater than 40022 Reg.40217 is directly propo for any other value (saturati	g.40022,40023 (FP). T s to normalized valu- nput-electric value corre- ip-Switches SW2-6 and e, RMS current, active selected floating point (FP) 000, if selected floatin ,40023 (FP) ortional to input electric on value: 11000)	o know ue, see esponds d SW2-7 e power, value is ng point	/	
VoltageA		VOLTAGE FP32bit_MSW	R	401	35
MSW		11 32011_10000		401	55
VoltageA LSW		FP32bit_LSW	R	401	36
	RMS voltage electrical mea	asure of input [Vrms] fo	or phase	/	
VoltageB MSW		FP32bit_MSW	R	401	37
VoltageB LSW		FP32bit_LSW	R	401	38
	RMS voltage electrical mea	asure of input [Vrms] fo	or phase	/	
VoltageC MSW		FP32bit_MSW	R	401	39
VoltageC LSW		FP32bit_LSW	R	401	40
	RMS voltage electrical mea	asure of input [Vrms] fo	or phase	/	
Voltage3PH MSW		FP32bit_MSW	R	401	41
Voltage3PH LSW		FP32bit_LSW	R	401	42
	RMS voltage electrical mean phase ( $V_A + V_B + V_C$ )/3.	asure of input [Vrms] fo	or three-	/	
VoltageA	Between: 0; 10000		R	401	93
	RMS voltage normalized va regardless of reg.40018, 40		value is	/	
VoltageB	Between: 0; 10000	Word	R	401	94
	RMS voltage normalized va regardless of reg.40018, 40		value is	/	
VoltageC	Between: 0; 10000	Word	R	401	95
	RMS voltage normalized va regardless of reg.40018, 40		value is	/	
Voltage3PH	Between: 0; 10000	Word	R	401	96
	RMS voltage normalized va is regardless of reg.40018,		nis value	/	
		CURRENT			
CurrentA MSW		FP32bit_MSW	R	401	43
CurrentA LSW		FP32bit_LSW	R	401	44
	RMS current electrical measure of input [mArms] for phase A. This value depends on reg.40018, 40019			/	
CurrentB MSW		FP32bit_MSW	R	401	45
CurrentB LSW		FP32bit_LSW	R	401	46
	RMS current electrical r	neasure of input [mA	rms] for	/	

	phase B. This value depends	on reg 40018 40019			
CurrentC MSW		FP32bit_MSW	R		40147
CurrentC LSW		FP32bit_LSW	R		40148
	RMS current electrical mean phase C. This value depends			/	
Current3PH MSW		FP32bit_MSW	R		40149
Current3PH LSW		FP32bit_LSW	R		40150
	RMS current electrical measurphase ( $I_A$ + $I_B$ + $I_C$ )/3. This va 40019			/	
CurrentA	Between: 0; 10000	Word	R		40197
	RMS current normalized valu regardless of reg.40018, 4001		alue is	/	
CurrentB	Between: 0; 10000	Word	R		40198
	RMS current normalized valu regardless of reg.40018, 4001		alue is/	/	
CurrentC	Between: 0; 10000	Word	R		40199
	RMS current normalized valu regardless of reg.40018, 4001		alue is	/	
Current3PH	Between: 0; 10000	Word	R		40200
	RMS current normalized va		This	1	
	value is regardless of reg.400	18, 40019 TVE POWER			
ActivePowA MSW	ACT	FP32bit_MSW	R		40151
ActivePowA LSW		FP32bit_LSW	R		40152
	Active power electrical measu This value depends on reg.400		nase A.	/	
ActivePowB MSW		FP32bit_MSW	R		40153
ActivePowB LSW		FP32bit_LSW	R		40154
	Active power electrical measu This value depends on reg.40		nase B.	/	
ActivePowC MSW	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FP32bit_MSW	R		40155
ActivePowC LSW		FP32bit_LSW	R		40156
	Active power electrical measu This value depends on reg.40		ase C.	/	
ActivePow3PH MSW		FP32bit_MSW	R		40157
ActivePow3PH LSW		FP32bit_LSW	R		40158
	Active power electrical meas phase ( $P_A$ + $P_B$ + $P_C$ )/3. reg.40018, 40019			/	
ActivePowA	Between: 0; 10000	Word	R		40201
	Active power normalized value regardless of reg.40018, 4001		alue is	/	
ActivePowB	Between: 0; 10000	Word	R		40202
	Active power normalized value regardless of reg.40018, 4001			/	
ActivePowC	Between: 0; 10000	Word	R		40203
	Active power normalized value	e for phase C. This v	alue is	/	

			)	regardless of reg.40018, 40019	
40204		R	Word	Between: 0; 10000	ActivePow3PH
	/	s value		Active power normalized value	
				is regardless of reg.40018, 400	
40159		R	<u>TIVE POWER</u> FP32bit MSW	REAC	ReactivePowA
40159		ĸ			MSW
40160		R	FP32bit_LSW		ReactivePowA
					LSW
	/	R] for		Reactive power electrical m	
		_		phase A. This value depends	
40161		R	FP32bit_MSW		ReactivePowB MSW
40162		R	FP32bit_LSW		ReactivePowB
10102		IX I			LSW
	/	R] for	easure of input [VA	Reactive power electrical m	
		-		phase B. This value depends	
40163		R	FP32bit_MSW	· · · ·	ReactivePowC
					MSW
40164		R	FP32bit_LSW		ReactivePowC
	1		and the first of Parts	Departing process should be	LSW
	/	K] IOL		Reactive power electrical m phase C. This value depends	
40165		R	FP32bit_MSW		ReactivePow3
10105		IX .			PH MSW
40166		R	FP32bit_LSW		ReactivePow3
			—		PH LSW
	/	R] for			
		ids on	'3. This value deper	three-phase $(Q_A + Q_B + Q_C)$	
				reg.40018, 40019	
40205	,	R	Word	Between: -10000; 10000	ReactivePowA
	/	value		Reactive power normalized va	
10000		D		is regardless of reg.40018, 400	
40206	1	R	Word	Between: -10000; 10000	ReactivePowB
	/	value		Reactive power normalized va is regardless of reg.40018, 400	
40207		R	Word	Between: -10000; 10000	ReactivePowC
10201	/			Reactive power normalized va	
			19	is regardless of reg.40018, 400	
40208		R	Word	Between: -10000; 10000	ReactivePow3
					PH
	/	This		Reactive power normalized v	
				value is regardless of reg.4001	
1016			RENT POWER	APPA	
40167		R	FP32bit_MSW		ApparentPowA
40168		D	ED32bit 1 SM		
-0100		IX .			
	/	phase	sure of input IVA1 for	Apparent power electrical mea	
				A. This value depends on reg	
40169		R	FP32bit_MSW	,	ApparentPowB
			_		
40170		R	FP32bit_LSW		
					LSW
	/	phase			
			.40018, 40019	B. This value depends on reg	
4(	/	R phase R R	FP32bit_LSW sure of input [VA] for 40018, 40019 FP32bit_MSW FP32bit_LSW sure of input [VA] for	Apparent power electrical mea A. This value depends on reg Apparent power electrical mea B. This value depends on reg	MSW ApparentPowA LSW ApparentPowB MSW ApparentPowB LSW

ApparentPow C MSW		FP32bit_MSW	R		40171
ApparentPow C LSW		FP32bit_LSW	R		40172
	Apparent power electrical m C. This value depends on		or phase	/	
ApparentPow3 PH MSW		FP32bit_MSW	R		40173
ApparentPow3 PH LSW		FP32bit_LSW	R		40174
	Apparent power electrical m phase $(S_A + S_B + S_C)/3$ reg.40018, 40019	neasure of input [VA] f This value depe		/	
ApparentPowA	Between: 0; 10000	Word	R		40209
	Apparent power normalized is regardless of reg.40018, 4	value for phase A. Th		1	
A (D D	· ·		D		40040
ApparentPowB	Between: 0; 10000	Word	R		40210
	Apparent power normalized is regardless of reg.40018, 4	40019		/	
ApparentPow C	Between: 0; 10000	Word	R		40211
	Apparent power normalized is regardless of reg.40018, 4		his value	/	
ApparentPow3 PH	Between: 0; 10000	Word	R		40212
	Apparent power normalized value is regardless of reg.40		se. This	/	
		ENERGY			
EnergyA MSW		FP32bit_MSW	R		40185
EnergyA LSW		FP32bit LSW	R		40186
	Energy electrical measure c value depends on reg.4001	of input [Wh] for phase		/	
EnergyB MSW	Talde depende en regi lee k	FP32bit_MSW	R		40187
EnergyB LSW		FP32bit LSW	R		40188
Energyb LSW				1	40100
	Energy electrical measure of value depends on reg.4001	8, 40019		/	
EnergyC MSW		FP32bit_MSW	R		40189
EnergyC LSW		FP32bit_LSW	R		40190
	Energy electrical measure c value depends on reg.4001		C. This	/	
Energy3PH MSW		FP32bit_MSW	R		40191
Energy3PH		FP32bit_LSW	R		40192
LSW					
LSW	Energy electrical measure $(E_A + E_B + E_C)/3$ . This 40019	of input [Wh] for thre value depends on re-	e-phase	/	
LSW	$(E_A + E_B + E_C)/3$ . This	of input [Wh] for thre value depends on rep <u>COSw</u>	e-phase	/	
	$(E_A + E_B + E_C)/3$ . This	of input [Wh] for thre value depends on re-	e-phase	/	40175
CosøA MSW	$(E_A + E_B + E_C)/3$ . This	of input [Wh] for thre value depends on re <u>COSw</u> FP32bit_MSW	e-phase g.40018,	/	
LSW Cos¢A MSW Cos¢A LSW	(E <sub>A</sub> + E <sub>B</sub> + E <sub>c</sub> )/3. This 40019 Cosφ electrical measure of	of input [Wh] for threvalue depends on revolution of the second state of the second st	ee-phase g.40018, R R	/	40175
Cos¢A MSW Cos¢A LSW	(E <sub>A</sub> + E <sub>B</sub> + E <sub>C</sub> )/3. This 40019	of input [Wh] for three value depends on re- <u>COSw</u> FP32bit_MSW FP32bit_LSW input [dimensionless	e-phase g.40018, R R number]	/	40175 40176
Cos¢A MSW Cos¢A LSW Cos¢B MSW	(E <sub>A</sub> + E <sub>B</sub> + E <sub>c</sub> )/3. This 40019 Cosφ electrical measure of	of input [Wh] for thre value depends on re <u>COSW</u> FP32bit_MSW FP32bit_LSW input [dimensionless FP32bit_MSW	ee-phase g.40018, R R number]	/	40175 40176 40177
Cos¢A MSW Cos¢A LSW	(E <sub>A</sub> + E <sub>B</sub> + E <sub>c</sub> )/3. This 40019 Cosφ electrical measure of for phase A Cosφ electrical measure of	of input [Wh] for three value depends on re- <u>COSw</u> FP32bit_MSW FP32bit_LSW input [dimensionless FP32bit_MSW FP32bit_LSW	ee-phase g.40018, R R number] R R		40175 40176
Cos¢A MSW Cos¢A LSW Cos¢B MSW Cos¢B LSW	$(E_A + E_B + E_C)/3$ . This 40019 Cos $\phi$ electrical measure of for phase A	of input [Wh] for threvalue depends on revealed on revealed on the second state of the	e-phase g.40018, R R number] R R R number]	/ / /	40175 40176 40177 40177 40178
Cos¢A LSW Cos¢B MSW	(E <sub>A</sub> + E <sub>B</sub> + E <sub>c</sub> )/3. This 40019 Cosφ electrical measure of for phase A Cosφ electrical measure of	of input [Wh] for three value depends on re- <u>COSw</u> FP32bit_MSW FP32bit_LSW input [dimensionless FP32bit_MSW FP32bit_LSW	ee-phase g.40018, R R number] R R		40175 40176 40177

	Cos			1	
Cos∳3PH MSW		FP32bit_MSW	R		40181
Cosø3PH LSW		FP32bit_LSW	R		40182
	Cos $\phi$ electrical measure of in P/S)	put [VA] for three-p	hase (	/	
CosøA	Between: -10000; 10000	Word	R		40213
	Cos		alue is	/	
CosøB	Between: -10000; 10000	Word	R		40214
	Cos		alue is	/	
CosoC	Between: -10000; 10000	Word	R		40215
	Cos		alue is	/	
Cosø3PH	Between: -10000; 10000	Word	R		40216
	Cos		alue is	/	
	<u>FRI</u>	EQUENCY			
Freq MSW		FP32bit_MSW	R		40183
Freq LSW		FP32bit_LSW	R		40184
	Network frequency measure [H	z]		1	

#### LEDs for signalling

In the front-side panel there are 4 LEDs and their state refers to important operating conditions of the module.

LED	LED status	Meaning
PWR	Constant light	The module power is on
ERR	Blinking light	Measure of voltage: <40Vac (at least one of the phase used)
	Constant light	The module has at least one of the errors described in RS485
	_	Registers table
RX	Constant light	Verify if the bus connection is corrected
	Blinking light	The module received a data packet
ТХ	Blinking light	The module sent a data packet

### Easy-SETUP

To configure the Seneca Z-PC Line modules, it is possible to use Easy-SETUP software,

Free-downloadable from the www.seneca.it; the configuration can be performed by RS232 or RS485 bus communication.