### **ENERGY SECTOR**





aximum Demand		280## <b>#</b>
<u>E</u>	5.00 A	8.3.2013 08:35
8	12.58 A	8.3.2013 08:42
в	5.00 A	8.3.2013 08:33
P	-2.56 kw	8.3.2013 09:17
P-	-7.68 kW	11.3.2013 14:58
Q-L	-7.64 kvar	8.3.2013 08:41
Q-C	-7.68 kvar	8.3.2013 08:38
S	-2.56 kVA	8.3.2013 08:41
10:59:26 MD - D	lyn IO1.4 Flick	MD - Dyn MENU

## POWER QUALITY ANALYZER MC 784/iMC 784

### • CLASS A ACCURACY CERTIFIED.

- EN 50160 POWER QUALITY EVALUATION.
- AUTOMATIC PQ REPORT GENERATION.
- DISTURBANCE, TREND & PQ EVENT RECORDING.
- WAVEFORM RECORDER WITH PROGRAMMABLE SAMPLING TIME.
- STANDARDIZED PQDIF AND COMTRADE FORMAT SUPPORT.
- SUPPORT FOR MODBUS, DNP3, FTP, MQTT, IEC61850 ED.2 COMMUNICATION PROTOCOLS.
- MIQEN USER FRIENDLY SETTING & ANALYSIS SOFTWARE.



### **FEATURES**

🕸 Iskra®

- Evaluation of the electricity supply quality in compliance with EN50160 with automatic report generation.
- Class A (0.1%) accuracy in compliance with EN61000-4-30 Ed.3.
- Instantaneous evaluation of over 700 electrical measurement quantities values including PQ related parameters, harmonics (voltage/current THDs, TDDs, up to 63rd voltage(PP, PN)/current harmonics and interharmonics).
- Automatic range selection of 4 current and 4 voltage channels (max. 12.5 A and 1000 VRMS) with 32 kHz sampling rate.
- Oscillography capability for recording waveforms and transients with up to 625 samples/cycle sampling frequency.
- Recording of waveform, disturbance, trend and Power Quality (PQ) events in trigger related recorders.
- All trigger related recorder data available on-demand through FTP and automatically on the MiSMART server via autonomous push communication or on demand.
- A sophisticated triggering mechanism to register and record events of various nature:
  - Current and voltage transient event generated triggers based on hold-off time (in ms), absolute peak value (% of Un) and fast change (in % Un/µs).
  - PQ event generated triggers based on the following events: voltage dip, voltage swell, voltage interruption, end of voltage interruption, rapid voltage change and inrush current.
  - External Ethernet triggers enabling trigger events with up to 8 different devices within the network.
  - External digital triggers based on logical/digital inputs.
  - Up to 16 combined triggers enabling logical operation on previously configured triggers of various nature.
- Recording a wide variety of data in the internal device 8GB flash memory based on trigger settings:
  - All activated triggers together with timestamp, duration, condition as well as a reference to an (optionally) generated transient, waveform, disturbance and fast trend record.
  - Waveform recorder with PQDIF/COMTRADE data format selection, selectable recorded channels (4×Voltage, 4×Current, 16×Logical input), 19 samples/cycle to 625 samples/cycle resolution, pretrigger time from 0.01 s up to 1 s, post-trigger time from 0.01 s up to 40 s (20 s for 625 samples/cycle).
  - Disturbance recorder with PQDIF/COMTRADE data format selection, selectable recorded channels (4×P-N Voltage, 3×P-P Voltage, 4×Current, 8×Logical inputs), half/full cycle averaging interval, pre-trigger time up to 3000 cycles, post trigger time up to 60000 cycles.

- Periodic measurements in 4 standard trend recorders A through D each containing up to 32 arbitrarily evaluated (maximum, minimum, average, maximum demand, minimum demand, actual, maximum period, minimum period) quantities with periods ranging from 1 min to 60 min.
- Periodic measurements in advanced fast trend recorders 1 through 4 each containing over 700 arbitrarily evaluated (maximum, minimum, average, actual) quantities with periods ranging from 1s to 60min. The recorder can be set to PQDIF data format selection.
- 32 adjustable alarms in 4 alarm groups each containing up to 8 alarms. Alarms relate to a particular quantity over/under threshold and serve the purpose of controlling on-device relay outputs as well as informing the server about the occurrence of alarm events.
- Recording and on-board evaluation of PQ anomalies and PQ reports based on EN50160.
- Four quadrant energy measurement in 8 programmable counters with class 0.2S accuracy with up to four tariffs and an advanced tariff clock. Every counter resolution and range can be defined:
  - Active energy (Wh) import.
  - Active energy (Wh) export.
  - Reactive energy (varh) import.
  - Reactive energy (varh) export.
  - Total absolute active energy (Wh).
  - Total absolute reactive energy (varh).
  - Total absolute apparent energy (VAh).
  - Custom settings (phase dependent, four quadrant P/Q/import/export selection).
- Measurements of 40 minimal and maximal values in different time intervals (from 1 to 256 periods)
- Frequency range from 16 Hz to 400 Hz.
- Ethernet and USB 2.0 communication support.
- Communication MODBUS, DNP3, FTP, MQTT, upgradeable to IEC61850 Ed.2 (To order the option of IEC61850 Ed.2 Server please order the following additional SW option number: 022491017000).
- Support for GPS, IRIG-B (modulated and digital) and NTP real time clock synchronization.
- Up to 4 inputs/outputs on I/O module 1/2 and 3/4 (analogue inputs/outputs, digital inputs/outputs, alarm/watchdog outputs, pulse input/outputs, tariff inputs, bistable alarm outputs, relay output).
- Up to 20 inputs/outputs on I/O module A and B (relay output, digital input).
- MiQEN Setting studio User-friendly setting and analysis software with FTP communication feasibility for seamless device settings and single device advanced analysis.
- MiSMART system SW support for automatic (via autonomous push XML communication) as well as on demand data transfer (via FTP) from multiple



instruments to the server through which relevant recorder data from each device in the system is available.

- On-board Web server support for basic measurement overview.
- Multilingual support (MC 784 only).
- Auxiliary power supply (two voltage ranges).
- 144 mm square panel mounting.
- Available with:
  - 5.7 inch color TFT display (iMC 784).
  - 128x64 pixel display (MC 784).

### **DESCRIPTION**

Power Quality Analyzer MC 784/iMC 784 is an important device for permanent monitoring of power quality from its production (especially renewable), transmission and distribution all the way to the final consumers. Lack of information about supplied quality of voltage can lead to unexplained production problems and malfunction or even damage to equipment used in production process. Therefore, Power Quality Analyzer MC 784/iMC 784 can be used for utility purposes (evaluation against standards) as well as for industry purposes (monitoring supplied power quality).

Power Quality Analyzer MC 784/iMC 784 performs measurements in compliance with regulatory requested standard EN 61000-4-30 Ed.3 and evaluates recorded parameters for analysis according to parameters defined in European power quality standard EN50160.

The device enables storage of a wide variety of highly detailed oscillography data in 8 GB of internal flash memory based on a sophisticated trigger settings mechanism. Data can be stored in standardized PQDIF (IEEE 1159-3) and COMTRADE (IEEE C37.111) file formats which can be easily exchanged with third party PQ analysis SW systems.

Moreover Power Quality Analyzer MC 784/iMC 784 stores measurements and quality reports in internal memory for further analysis. By accessing recorded or real time values from multiple instruments installed on different locations it is possible to gain the overall picture of the complete systems' behavior. This can be achieved with regard to Power Quality Analyzer MC 784/iMC 784 accurate internal real time clock and wide range of synchronization sources support, which assure accurate, time-stamped measurements from dislocated units. Stored data can then be transferred to a PC or server for post analysis. The simplest way this is done is by directly connecting a PC with installed MiQEN Setting Studio SW via USB cable. In cases where multiple devices are used the MiSMART system server usage is recommended where all relevant data from all system connected instruments is always available from a centralized database through the push XML communication mechanism. To save server space high precision data can also be transferred from a selected device on-demand using FTP.

### **APPLICATION AND BENEFITS**

Power Quality Analyzer MC 784/iMC 784 can be used as a standalone PQ monitoring device for detection and analysis of local PQ deviations, transients, alarms and periodic measurements. For this purpose it is normally positioned at the point-of-common-coupling (PCC) of industrial and commercial energy consumers to monitor quality of delivered electric energy or at medium or low voltage feeders to monitor, detect and record possible disturbances caused by operation of consumers.

Identifying relevant fixed measuring points is the most important task prior to complete system installation. The implementation of a PQ system itself will not prevent disturbances in network but rather help diagnose their origins and effects by comparing and scrutinizing data from multiple time synchronized measurement points.

Therefore the most extensive benefits are achieved when Power Quality Analyzer MC 784/iMC 784 is used as a part of a PQ monitoring system comprising of strategically positioned meters connected to the MiSMART software solution. This three-tier middleware software represents a perfect tool for utility companies, energy suppliers and other parties on both ends of supply-demand chain. MiSMART data collector with "push" communication system allows automatic recording of all predefined measured parameters in the device. All sent data are stored in the MiSMART database, while leaving a copy of the same parameters stored locally in device memory of each device as a backup copy. Database records can be analyzed, searched as well as viewed in table and graphic form using the native MiSMART web client application or other third-party software. (e.g. SCADA systems, OPC server, PQ analysis established software's ...) At the same time device data can also be visualized and analyzed on-demand by means of the powerful freely-downloadable MiQEN setting studio SW.



Server database records (with a copy in device memory) include numerous parameters of three-phase systems, which have been setup in the device (PQ parameters, over 700 evaluated electrical quantities, I/O module related physical parameters (e.g. temp., pressure, wind speed...). On the other hand the database also holds data on alarms and detailed time-stamped transient, waveform, disturbance PQ data and fast trend trigger records with complete oscillography data in standardized PQDIF/COMTRADE file formats.

### **COMPLIANCE WITH STANDARDS**

Measurements and reports of power (voltage) quality (PQ) indexes are only useful when comparable to measurements and reports from other PQ measuring devices in the supply network and evaluated against agreed limits for assessment of measured PQ indices to establish an overall view about PQ issues in the network.

For this reason it is essential to follow guidelines described in series of international and local standards. Beside requirements for safe operation (LVD directive) and immunity against more and more demanding disturbances (EMC directive), PQ measuring depends on two levels of standardization:

- Procedures for proper acquirement of PQ indexes, their timed aggregation and required accuracy are described in a standard IEC EN 61000-4-30 and two supplementary standards IEC EN 61000-4-7 (harmonics), IEC EN 61000-4-15 (flickermeter)
- Procedures for evaluation of measured PQ indices according to limit levels described in European standard EN50160

Power Quality Analyzer MC 784/iMC 784 follows required procedures and meets the precision requirements for class A measuring device as described in standard IEC EN 61000-4-30. It uses acquired measurements to perform automatic evaluation of PQ according to EN50160 and issues weekly reports within the device itself and if used also sends them to the *MiSMART* server at the same time. If certain PQ indices fail to meet the required power quality levels the device highlights details of problematic anomaly events, together with their corresponding timestamps and a detailed waveform/transient or disturbance record for further thorough analysis of the occurred PQ non-compliant event.

Standard EN	Description
	Safety requirements for electrical
61010-1	equipment for measurement,
	control and laboratory use
	Electrical safety in LV distribution
	systems up to 1kV a.c. and 1.5kV
61557-12	d.c. – Combined performance
	measuring and monitoring
	devices for electrical parameters
	Electromagnetic compatibility
61000-4-30	(EMC) – Power quality
01000 / 00	measurements methods
	Electromagnetic compatibility
	(EMC) – General guide on
61000-4-7 + A1	harmonics and interharmonics
	measurements
	Electromagnetic compatibility
61000-4-15	(EMC) – Flickermeter
50160	Voltage characteristics of
50160	electricity supplied by public
	distribution networks
60050 00	Electricity metering equipment -
62053-22	Static meters for active energy
	(classes 0.2 S and 0.5 S)
	Electricity metering equipment -
62053-24	Static meters for reactive energy
	(class 0.5 S)
	Electricity metering equipment
	Particular requirements - Part 31:
62053-31	Pulse output devices for
	electromechanical and electronic
	meters (two wires only)
	EMC requirements for electrical
61326-1	equipment for measurement,
	control and laboratory use
60529/A1	Degrees of protection provided by
00525/A1	enclosures (IP code)
(0000 2 1/2)	Environmental testing (-1 Cold, -2
60068-2-1/-2/- 6/-27/-30	Dry heat, -30 Damp heat, -6
0/-27/-30	Vibration, -27 Shock)
	Tests for flammability of plastic
UL 94	materials for parts in devices and
	appliances
	Recommended Practice for the
IEEE 1159-3	Transfer of Power Quality Data
	(PQDIF)
	Standard Common format for
IEEE C37.111	transient Data Exchange
	(COMTRADE) for Power Systems
	(contract) for rower systems

Table 1: List of applicable standards



### **VOLTAGE QUALITY**

*Voltage Quality* is a well-defined term (sometimes also termed Power Quality – PQ) and is covered with a selection of parameters, each of which represents certain phenomenon. They represent only most common types of phenomena, which can describe operation of electrical network with closest approximation.

Power Quality Analyzer MC 784/iMC 784 measures, detects, stores and evaluates parameters, which are defined in several standards. Evaluation is by default performed according to limits set in European standard EN50160. Beside that users can always alter parameters according to their own requirements or according to immunity of their equipment which operates within the analyzed power network.

### PQ recording settings

🛄 🛃 🥯 🔹 🖺	Address: 33 MC784		Address: 10.120.4.143, Port: 10001, Modbus TCP, Timeout 10s
-	Ci Settings		MC784, Serial number: MC022660, Read at 13:54
Connection Settings Measurements	Bandard recoder     Bandard recoder     Bandard recoder     Bandard recoder     Tord recoder B     Tord recoder B     Bandard recoder     Tord recoder D     Annone recoder     Torgen R     Torgen R     Torgen R     Torgen R     Dend Rogen     Dobal Rogen	Senny     Mustang Multi     Mustang Multi     Mustang Multi     Berto Drogetic System     Mustang Vallage (or more time     Qeetro Systey) Vallage (or     Mustang Vallage (or     Mustange (or     Mustange (or     Mustange (or     Mustange (o	Vide EN 50100 Len voltage Pres to nortal 200 50 fa: 200 larp 1 5.rday Include meant 16 parting Esch-recot Corplane report)
Analysis My Devices	Combined triggers     Recorder     Waveform recorder     Solutionce recorder     Por recorder     Fait Trend recorder     Recorder 1	Reports - Pushing time delay     Details - Rush data to link     Details - Rushing period     Details - Rushing time delay	No delay No putro Esch record No delay
Upgrades	Consider 3     Recorder 3     Recorder 4     R	Monitoring Mode Defines the standard for power supply qu	Password: alty analyse.

Figure 1: Settings for power quality report parameters as seen with MiQEN setting studio SW

Characteristic parameters that describe power quality are shown below:

Phenomena	PQ Parameters		
Frequency variations	Frequency variations		
Voltage variations	Voltage variations		
	Voltage unbalance		
Voltage changes	Rapid voltage changes		
	Flicker		
Voltage events	Voltage dips		
	Voltage interruptions		
	Voltage swells		
	Short interruptions		
	Long interruptions		
Harmonics & THD	Harmonics		
	THD's		
	Signaling voltage		
Table 2. Voltage quality para	meters as defined in EN50160		

Table 2: Voltage quality parameters as defined in EN50160

### PQ reports and PQ event triggers

PQ reports are issued on a basis of chosen PQ parameters as well as generation period (normally weekly) and type of network. Each report record is internally stored for later analysis together with all related anomalies and PQ records which are generated based on a PQ event triggering mechanism. The MiQEN setting software allows the user to quickly view PQ reports with limit lines and compliance results as well as to analyze anomalies. During the time when certain parameters are outside limit lines it is possible to view (synchronized) time stamped anomalies, together with corresponding PQ event triggered records. With all that information the user can establish the true origin of the anomaly and determine its' consequences to the network.

	Address: 33	MC 784		i 🛹 G	io to: • Device #33	IP Addres	s: 10.120.4.140, Po	rt: 10001, Modb	us RTU, Timer	out 10s
	🗟 Analysis								C	\MiQen\Data\Data
	Report	Start	End	Complian	ce Status		Deviations evaluatio	n Rema	rk	
Connection	13/2017	27.3.2017	1.4.2017	OK	Not comp	kto 1	Non Ragged deviatio	ona Monito	ring time: 2.13:	30:00
	12/2017	20.3.2017	24.3.2017	OK	Not comp	ete 1	Non Ragged deviatio	ans Monito	ing time: 1.07:	20:00
	11/2017	13.3.2017	17.3.2017	ок	Not comp	lete 1	Non Ragged deviatio	ons Monito	ring time: 15:00	100
100	10/2017	6.3.2017	10.3.2017	OK	Not comp	ete 1	Non Ragged deviatio	ons Monito	ring time: 1.01:	00:00
3	09/2017	27.2.2017	3.3.2017	OK	Not comp	lete 1	Non Ragged deviatio	ona Monito	ring time: 1.103	50:00
Settings	08/2017	20.2.2017	24.2.2017	OK	Not comp	ete 1	Non Ragged deviatio	ona Monito	ing time: 4.01	50:00
	07/2017	13.2.2017	17.2.2017	OK	Not comp	ete 1	Non Ragged deviatio	ons Monito	ring time: 1.06:	20:00
0	06/2017	6.2.2017	10.2.2017	OK	Not comp	ete 1	Non Ragged deviatio	ons Monito	ring time: 17:50	100
3	05/2017	3.2.2017	3.2.2017	OK	Not comp	lete 1	Non Ragged deviatio	ons Monito	ring time: 06:10	100
🧖 My Devices	Frequency Var Votage Variati Votage Variati Votage Unbali Rapid votage Flickers Pst	ons 1 ons 2 ances	HiQen 21 - Set	Yew Help Address 33	12 1⊗ 12 ≫ 14 MC784		*13, IP Address 10.1		+4%/-6%	
-	Flickers Pit Voltage Dips		1	Analysis						Ci\MiQen\Data\
Upgrades	Votage Dips Votage Swells		Connection	Voltage Variati	ons 2, 27.3.2017	- 1.4.201	17			
	Shot Internati		Connection	Filter: All events		· Deviati	ions: 8 Close			
opgroots				Stat	Ind	Phase	Average [5]	Average [V]	Duration	Regard
opgroots		104						149.35		Yes
opyrocs	Long Interruption	ons	603	28.3.2017 08.30-00	28.3.2017 08:50:00					
opgeocs	Long Interrupti THD's Harmonics	ons	(i)	28.3.2017 08.30.00	28.3.2017 08.50.00 28.3.2017 08.50.00	2	124,88	149,85	00.20.00	Yes
opposed	THD's Hamonics		Settings	28 3 2017 08 30 00 28 3 2017 08 30 00 28 3 2017 09 00 00	28.3.2017 08.50.00 28.3.2017 08.50.00 28.3.2017 09.30.00	1	124,88	149,85	00.20.00 00.30.00	Yes Yes
opynaci	THD's			28.3.2017 08.30.00 28.3.2017 08.30.00 28.3.2017 09.00.00 28.3.2017 09.00.00	28.3.2017 08.50.00 28.3.2017 08.50.00 28.3.2017 09.30.00 28.3.2017 09.30.00	1 2	124,88 111,22 111,22	149,85 133,45 133,45	00.20.00 00.30.00 00.30.00	Yes Yes Yes
opyroc.	THD's Hamonics Signaling volta	ge	Settings	20 3 2017 04 30 50 28 3 2017 08 30 00 28 3 2017 09 00 00 28 3 2017 09 00 00 28 3 2017 09 40 00	28.3.2017 08.50.00 28.3.2017 08.50.00 28.3.2017 09.30.00 28.3.2017 09.30.00 28.3.2017 19.30.00 28.3.2017 13.10.00	1 2 1	124,88 111,22 111,22 113,21	149,85 133,46 133,85 135,85	00.20.00 00.30.00 00.30.00 03.30.00	Yes Yes Yes Yes
opyroc.	THD's Hamonics Signaling volta		Settings	28.3.2017 08.30.00 28.3.2017 08.30.00 28.3.2017 09.00.00 28.3.2017 09.00.00	28.3.2017 08.50.00 28.3.2017 08.50.00 28.3.2017 09.30.00 28.3.2017 09.30.00 28.3.2017 13.10.00 28.3.2017 13.10.00	1 2	124,88 111,22 111,22	149,85 133,45 133,45	00.20.00 00.30.00 00.30.00 03.30.00 03.30.00	Yes Yes Yes

Figure 2: Viewing power quality report parameters and anomalies with MiQEN

Refresh	Address: 33 MC784	Go to: - Device #33, IP #	Address: 10.120.4.143, Port: 10001, Modbus TCP, Tit	neout 10s
	Ci Settings		MC784, Serial number:	MC022660, Read at 13:54
	Standard recorders	* Setting	Value	
Connection	- Trend recorder A	Votage Dip action	Waveform, Disturbance	
	Trend recorder B	Voltage Swell action	-	
	Trend recorder C	Voltage Interruption action	Vinindam Dist shares.	
C	Trend recorder D	End of voltage Interruption action	Voltage Dip action	
	Logical inouts	Rapid voltage change action	The second	
Settings	Logical functions	Insult current action	Waveform recording	
	E- Triggers		Disturbance recording     Send ethemet trigger	
0	Transient trippers		i Send ethemet trigger	
1	PQ Event tropers			
Measurements	E Eternal triggers			
	Ethemet triggers			
	Digital triggers			
Stand	> Combined triggers	128		
200	Recorders			
Analysis	Wayeform recorder			
	- S Disturbance recorder			
-	PQ recorder			
	Fast Trend recorders			OK
My Devices	- Recorder 1			Cancel
	Recorder 2			
	Recorder 3	-		
	Recorder 4	-		
20	Power supply quality			
Upgrades	Frequency valations			
	Votage variations			
	Votage changes			
	- PQ events	(i) Voltage Dip action		Password
	Hamonics & THD	Select action(s) when event is detected, it	t is possible to choose more actions. For more information	about possible recordings
		Recorders settings.		

Figure 3: PQ event trigger settings in MiQEN

### Technical Documentation



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### **Online measurements**

Online measurements are available through the display or can be monitored with the *MiQEN SW*.

For better overview over numerous readings, measurements are divided into several groups, which contain basic measurements, min. and max. values, harmonics, PQ data and alarms.

Each group can represent data in visually favored graphical form or as a detailed table form. The latter allows freezing readings and/or copying data into various report generation software tools.

#### Interactive instrument

A useful MiQEN SW communication feature allows interactive operation with a dislocated device as if it would be operational in front of the user.



#### Selection of available quantities

Available online measuring quantities and their appearance can vary according to the preset power network type and other settings such as; average interval, max. demand mode, reactive power calculation method ...

Complete selection of available online measuring quantities is shown in a table on the next page.

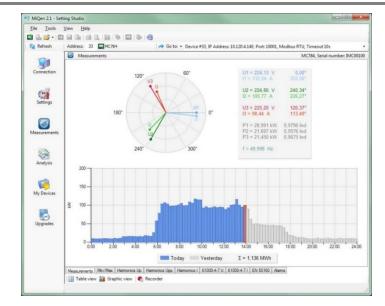


Figure 4: Online measurements in graphical form – phasor diagram and daily 24

hour total active power consumption histogram

Refresh	Address: 33 🔳 MC784 🔿 Go to: • Device #33, IP Address: 10.120.4.187, Port: 10001, Modbus RTU, Timeout 10s •							
Measurements				iMC78	4, Serial number: MC0	MC02430		
	Phase measurements	LI	L2	L3	Total	Others		
Connection	Votage	225.27 V	225.27 V	225.27 V		U~ = 225.27 V		
	Current	21,39 A	8,558 A	4.279 A	34.23 A	I* = 11,41 A		
110	Real Power	1,969 kW	788,3 W	394,6 W	3,152 kW			
Settings	Reactive Power	-4,398 kvar	-1.759,2 var	-879,5 var	-7,036 kvar			
	Apparent Power	4,818 kVA	1.927,8 VA	963,9 VA	7,710 kVA			
-	Power Factor	0.4086 Cap	0.4089 Cap	0,4093 Cap	0,4088 Cap			
	Power Angle	-12,41	-12,55 *	-12,63 *	-65,88 *			
63	Displacement Power Factor	0,9767 Cap	0,9761 Cap	0,9758 Cap	0,9756 Cap			
deasurements	THD-Up	0,72 %	0.72 %	0,72 %				
reasonements	THD-I	215,16 %	214,79 %	214,46 %				
	TDD-I	3,87 %	1,55 %	0,77 %				
Change and	Fundamental Reactive Power Qfund	-0,440 kvar	-178,4 var	-89,9 var	-0,709 kvar			
Analysis	Deformed Power D	4,377 kvar	1.750,6 var	874,9 var	7,002 kvar			
Analysis	Kfactor	95,71	95,61	95,53				
	Current Crest factor	418.5 %	418,5 %	418,5 %				
<b>1</b>	DC Votage	0,03 V	0,01 V	0,00 V				
	Phase to phase measurements	L1 - L2	L2 - L3	L3 - L1	Total	Others		
My Devices	Phase to phase voltage	0.00 V	0.00 V	0.00 V		Upp~ = 0.00 V		
	Phase Angle	0.00 *	0.00 *	0.00 '				
	THD-Upp	0,00 %	0,00 %	0,00 %				
<b>5</b> 0	DC Voltage	0,01 V	0,02 V	-0,03 V				
Upgrades	Neutral line	Measured	Angle	Calculated	Error	DC		
	Current	0.000 A	0.00 *	34.23 A	34.229 A			
	Voltage	140,03 V	-162,73 *			-0,03 V		
	Energy counters	Counter E1 (Imp)	Counter E2 (Imp)	Counter E3 (Exp)	Counter E4 (Exp)	Active tariff		
	Total	383,850 kWh	124.363,623 kvarh	703,435 kWh	2.451,707 kvarh	2		
	Tarff 1	383.850 kWh	253,222 kvarh	154,898 kWh	2.451,706 kvarh			

Figure 5: A complete list of online measurements in table form

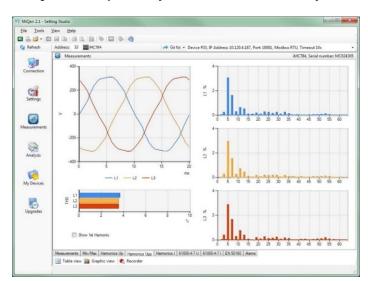


Figure 6: Online harmonics (phase voltage, phase-phase voltage, intra-phase, current/voltage THDs and current harmonics) in graphic form



eas. type	Measurement	3-phase 4-wire	3-phase 3-wire	1-phase	comments
nase	Voltage				
easurements	U1-3_TRMS			⊡1ph	
	Uavg_trms				
	Uunbalance_neg_TRMS				
	Uunbalance_zero_TRMS	<u> </u>	<b>V</b>	<b>⊡</b> 1ph	
	U <sub>1-3_DC</sub>			™itbu	DC component of phase voltages
	U0_Zero_sequance_TRMS				Zero sequence voltage Positive sequence voltage
	U1_Positive_sequence_TRMS U2_Negative_sequence_TRMS				Negative sequence voltage
	I <sub>1-3_TRMS</sub>	✓	$\checkmark$	<b>☑</b> 1ph	
	ITOT_TRMS				
	Iavg_trms		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
	Iunbalance_TRMS	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
	Iunbalance_zero_TRMS		$\checkmark$		
	I0_Zero_sequance_TRMS		$\checkmark$		Zero sequence current
	I1_Positive_sequence_TRMS	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		Positive sequence current
	I2_Negative_sequence_TRMS	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		Negative sequence current
	Power				
	P <sub>1-3_TRMS</sub>	$\checkmark$		<b>⊡</b> 1ph	
	P <sub>TOT_TRMS</sub>	V		$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	
	Q <sub>1-3_TRMS</sub>			⊠1ph🛄	Reactive power can be calculated as a squa
					difference between S and P or as sample delayed
	Qb1-3_TRMS	$\overline{\checkmark}$		<b>☑</b> 1ph	Budeanu reactive power Phase
	Qb <sub>tot_trms</sub>	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	Budeanu reactive power Total
	S1-3_trms	$\overline{\checkmark}$		<b>⊡</b> 1ph	
	Stot_trms	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
	D <sub>1-3_TRMS</sub>	$\checkmark$		<b>⊡</b> 1ph	Deformed power Phase
	D <sub>TOT_TRMS</sub>	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	Deformed power Total
	PF <sub>1-3_TRMS</sub>	$\checkmark$		<b>☑</b> 1ph	
	PF <sub>TOT</sub>	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
	dPF <sub>1-3_trms</sub>	$\checkmark$			Displacement Power Factor Phase
	dPF <sub>tot_trms</sub>		$\checkmark$	⊠1ph	Displacement Power Factor Total
	Φ1-3_TRMS			<b>⊡</b> 1ph	
	Harmonic analysis				
	THD-U <sub>1-3</sub>			⊠1ph	
	THD-I <sub>1-3</sub>			⊠1ph	
	TDD-I <sub>1-3</sub>			Ø1ph	
	U <sub>1-3_harmonic_1-63_%</sub>			Ø1ph	% of TRMS or % of base
	U1-3_harmonic_1-63_ABS			⊠1ph	
	U <sub>1-3_harmonic_1-63_φ</sub>			Ø1ph	
	U1-3_inter-harmonic_%			Ø1ph	Monitoring up to 10 different fixed frequencies
	U1-3_inter-harmonic_ABS			☑1ph	
	U <sub>1-3_inter-harmonic_1-63_%</sub>			☑1ph🛄	% of TRMS or % of base
	U1-3_inter-harmonic_1-63_ABS	 ☑		☑1ph	
	U1-3_signaling_%			Ø1ph□	Monitoring of signaling (ripple) voltage of set frequen % of TRMS or % of base
	U1-3_signaling_ABS			Ø1ph	
	11-3_harmonic_1-63_%			⊠1ph Inh	% of TRMS or % of base
	11-3_harmonic_1-63_ABS	✓		⊡1ph	
	I1-3_harmonic_1-63_φ			☑1ph	
	11-3_inter-harmonic_%	 ☑		Ø1ph□	Monitoring up to 10 different fixed frequencies
	I1-3_inter-harmonic_ABS			Ø1ph	
	11-3_inter-harmonic_1-63_%			⊠1ph🛄 ⊠1ph	% of TRMS or % of base
	1-3_inter-harmonic_1-63_ABS			⊠1ph ⊡1ph	Monitoring of cignaling (ringla) current of set fragment
	I1-3_signaling_%				Monitoring of signaling (ripple) current of set frequer % of TRMS or % of base
	I1-3_signaling_ABS Flickers			<b>⊡</b> 1ph	
	Pi <sub>1-3</sub>	V		<b>⊡</b> 1ph	Instantaneous flicker sensation measured with 2 samples / sec (original sampling is 1200 samples / se
	Pst <sub>1-3</sub>			<b>⊡</b> 1ph	10 min statistical evaluation (128 classes of CPF)
	PSt <sub>1-3</sub> Plt <sub>1-3</sub>			⊡1ph	Derived from 12 Pst acc. to EN 61000-4-15
	Miscellaneous	<b>▼</b>		штhн	
	K-factor <sub>1-3</sub>			<b>⊡</b> 1ph	
	Current Crest factor I <sub>1-3</sub>			⊡1ph	
	Voltage Crest factor U <sub>1-3</sub>			⊡1ph	

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Meas. type	Measurement	3-phase 4-wire	3-phase 3-wire	1-phase	comments
Phase to phase	Voltage				
measurements	Upp <sub>1-3_TRMS</sub>		$\checkmark$		
	Uppavg_trms		$\checkmark$		
	THD-Upp <sub>1-3</sub>		$\checkmark$		
	Фх-у_trms				Phase-to-phase angle
	Upp1-3_harmonic_1-63_%		<b>VP</b>		% of TRMS or % of base
	Upp1-3_harmonic_1-63_ABS		$\checkmark$		
	$Upp_{1\text{-}3\_harmonic\_1\text{-}63\_\phi}$		$\checkmark$		
	Upp1-3_interharmonic_1-63_%		$\checkmark$	☑1ph	% of TRMS or % of base
	Upp1-3_interharmonic_1-63_ABS		$\checkmark$	⊠1ph	
	Uunderdeviation	$\checkmark$		⊠1ph	Uunder. and Uover. are calculated for phase or phase-to-
	Uoverdeviation	$\checkmark$		<b>⊡</b> 1ph	phase voltages regarding connection mode.
	Voltage Crest factor Upp <sub>1-3</sub>	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	⊠1ph	
	Flickers				
	Pi_pp <sub>1-3</sub>				
	Pst_pp <sub>1-3</sub>		$\checkmark$		Phase-to-phase flickers.
	Plt_pp <sub>1-3</sub>		$\checkmark$		
Metering	Energy		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
	Counter E <sub>1-8</sub>		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	Each counter can be dedicated to any of four quadrants
	E_TOT_1-8	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	(P-Q, import-export, L-C). Total energy is a sum of one
					counter for all tariffs. Tariffs can be fixed, date/time
	Active tariff	$\checkmark$			dependent or tariff input dependent
Auxiliary	Aux. line				
Channel measurements	Uneutral-earth				Aux. voltage is dedicated for neutral-earth meas. only
	INEUTRAL_meas			$\checkmark$	Measured neutral current with 4th current input
		$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	$\checkmark$		Calculated neutral current
	INEUTRAL_err				Error neutral current (difference between measured and calculated)
Maximum	Maximum demand				
demand	MD_I <sub>1-3</sub>	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	☑1ph	
measurements	MD_P <sub>import</sub>	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\checkmark$		
	MD_P <sub>export</sub>			$\checkmark$	
	MD_Q <sub>ind</sub>	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
	MD_Q <sub>cap</sub>	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	
	MD_S			$\overline{\checkmark}$	
Min and max	Min and max				
measurements	U <sub>1-3_TRMS_MIN</sub>	$\checkmark$		<b>☑</b> 1ph	
measurements	U1-3 TRMS MAX			⊡1ph	
				штрп	
	U0_Zero_sequance_TRMS_MIN U0_Zero_sequance_TRMS_MAX				<ul> <li>Max/Min Zero sequence voltage</li> </ul>
	U1_Positive_sequence_TRMS_MIN				Max/Min Positive sequence voltage
	U1_Positive_sequence_TRMS_MAX				
	U2_Negative_sequence_TRMS_MIN		V		<ul> <li>Max/Min Negative sequence voltage</li> </ul>
	U2_Negative_sequence_TRMS_MAX				
	Upp1-3_TRMS_MIN				
	Upp <sub>1-3_trms_max</sub>				
	11-3_TRMS_MIN			⊠1ph	
	11-3_TRMS_MAX			⊠1ph	
	INEUTRAL_meas_TRMS_MIN				
	INEUTRAL_meas_TRMS_MAX				
	I0_Zero_sequance_TRMS_MIN				Max/Min Zero sequence current
	I0_Zero_sequance_TRMS_MAX				
	1_Positive_sequence_TRMS_MIN	V			Max/Min Positive sequence current
	I1_Positive_sequence_TRMS_MAX	V			
	I2_Negative_sequence_TRMS_MIN		$\checkmark$		Max/Min Negative sequence current
		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		

Derived For more information see Power Quality Analyzer MC 784/iMC 784 User's manual



Meas. type	Measurement	3-phase 4-wire	3-phase 3-wire	1-phase	comments		
Min and max	P <sub>1-3_TRMS_MIN</sub>	$\checkmark$		⊠1ph			
measurements	P <sub>1-3_TRMS_MAX</sub>	$\checkmark$		<b>⊡</b> 1ph			
	PTOT_TRMS_MIN	$\checkmark$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	<b>⊡</b> 1ph			
	P <sub>TOT_TRMS_MAX</sub>	$\checkmark$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	<b>⊡</b> 1ph			
	Qb <sub>tot_trms_min</sub>	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$				
	Qbtot_trms_max	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		— Max/Min Budeanu reactive power Total		
	Qb1-3_TRMS_MIN	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		Naw /Nain Dudonny reactive action Disease		
	Qb <sub>1-3_TRMS_MAX</sub>	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		— Max/Min Budeanu reactive power Phase		
	S1-3_trms_min	$\checkmark$		<b>⊠</b> 1ph			
	S1-3_trms_max	$\checkmark$		<b>⊠</b> 1ph			
	Stot_trms_min	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	<b>☑</b> 1ph			
	STOT_TRMS_MAX	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	<b>☑</b> 1ph			
	D <sub>TOT_TRMS_MIN</sub>	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$				
	DTOT_TRMS_MAX	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		— Max/Min Deformed power Total		
	D <sub>1-3_TRMS_MIN</sub>	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$				
	D1-3_TRMS_MAX	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		Max/Min Deformed power Phase		
	dPF <sub>TOT_TRMS_MIN</sub>	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$				
	dPF <sub>TOT_TRMS_MAX</sub>	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		Max/Min Displacement Power Factor Total		
	dPF <sub>1-3_TRMS_MIN</sub>	$\checkmark$	$\overline{\checkmark}$				
	dPF <sub>1-3_TRMS_MAX</sub>	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		Max/Min Displacement Power Factor Phase		
	freq <sub>MIN</sub>	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$			
	freq <sub>MAX</sub>	$\checkmark$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\checkmark$			
Other	Miscellaneous						
measurements	Internal temp.	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$			
	Date, Time	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$			
	Last Sync. time	<b>⊠</b>	<b>⊠</b>		UTC		
	GPS Time	<b>⊠</b>	<b>⊠</b>				
	GPS Longitude			<b>V</b>	If GPS receiver is connected to dedicated RTC time		
	GPS Latitude				synchronization input		
	GPS Altitude		<b>⊠</b>		7		

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### RECORDERS

A built-in recorder (8 GB) enables storing periodic measurements, detected alarms, PQ reports with corresponding anomalies, trigger history as well as waveforms (including transients), disturbances and PQ recorder records (reports and anomalies). It supports recording of all measured quantities including voltage and current harmonics and inter-harmonics (up to 63<sup>rd</sup>) in multiple recorders. For each recorder it is possible to setup a storage interval (for periodic trend recorders) as well as other recording parameters. Apart from periodic trend recorder data recorders are also used to store the following data:

- Alarms where each alarm is triggered by means of a preset threshold and is stored in the form of alarm i.d. and its corresponding timestamp,
- PQ reports where each report in recorder is identified by a monitoring interval (date) – typically once per week,
- PQ report anomalies representing (synchronized) time stamped PQ values that are outside PQ limit lines,
- Trigger based recorders which store a timestamp related database of all triggers which have occurred together with (optional) PQDIF/COMTRADE related records which are recorded based on pre-set triggering conditions. These records can be of types: waveform, disturbance, PQ or fast trend record. The figure below shows waveform recorder settings:

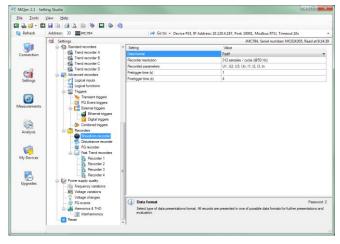


Figure 7: Setting trigger related recorders in MiQEN (example shown for waveform recorder)

The complete content of the recorder can be viewed and downloaded with MiQEN setting SW in a detailed table or visually favored graphical form.

### ALARMS AND TRIGGERS

Alarms and triggers represent powerful tool for Power Quality Analyzer MC 784/iMC 784 control, supervision and oscillography recording features. By using alarms the devices' performance can hence reach beyond just measuring and analyzing power network.

Power Quality Analyzer MC 784/iMC 784 supports recording and storing of 32 alarms in four groups. Time constant of maximal values in a thermal mode, compere time delay, hysteresis and response time are defined for each group of alarms.

For each parameter it is possible to set a limit value, condition and alarm activation action (sound signal and/or digital output switch if available).

All alarms are also stored in internal memory for postanalysis:

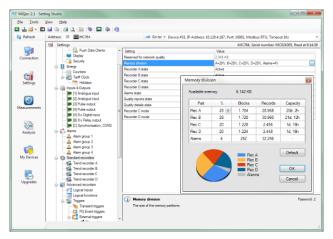


Figure 8: Setting recorder parameters and viewing memory consumption information

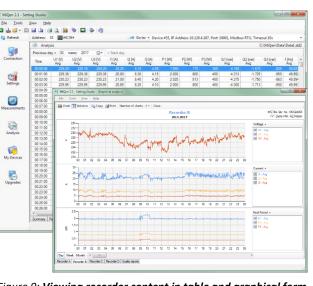


Figure 9: Viewing recorder content in table and graphical form



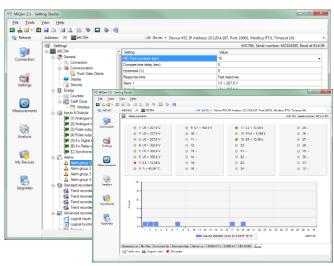


Figure 10: Setting and viewing alarms

A sophisticated triggering mechanism is used to register and record events of various natures:

- $\circ~$  Transient event generated triggers based on hold-off time (in ms), absolute peak value (in % of Un), fast change (in %Un/µs),
- PQ event generated triggers based on the following events: voltage dip, voltage swell, voltage interruption, end of voltage interruption, rapid voltage change and inrush current,
- External Ethernet triggers enabling trigger events with up to 8 different dislocated devices connected within the network,
- o External digital triggers based on logical/digital inputs,
- Up to 16 combined triggers enabling logical operation on previously configured triggers of various natures.

An example of transient trigger settings in MiQEN SW is shown below:

📱 🚠 🥶 • 💼	Address: 33 04/C784		3. IP Address: 10.120.4.187. Port: 10001, Modbus RTU, Timeout 10s
	Settings		iMC784, Serial number: MC024305, Read at 12:17
	🖶 🚱 Standard recorders	* Setting	Value
Connection	Trend recorder A	Voltage triggers	
	Trend recorder B	Holdoff time indiseconds)	20
	Trend recorder C	Absolute Peak value (%)	200
C	Trend recorder D	Fast change (%Un/us)	1
Settings	Logical inputs	Troper action	á.
seconds	Logical Functions	Current triopers	
	Trippers	Holdoff time (millseconds)	20
	Torquest tropert	Absolute Peak value (%)	Disabled
	PQ Event triggers	Fast change ("Un/µs)	1
Measurements	Eternal triggers	Trigger action	
My Devices	Database recoder     Database recoder     Pa facoste     Recoder 3     Recoder 3     Recoder 4     Recoder 4	E [	Mr. 0 Mar. 1000 Planesord 2
	Hamonics & THD	Select time during which is, after transi detection of multiple transents as a co	ert detection, additional transient detection suspended. This setting is used to avoid false neequence of the common source.

Figure 11: Setting trigger in MiQEN (example shown for transient trigger)

### **REAL TIME SYNCHRONISATION**

Synchronized real-time clock (RTC) is an essential part of any Class A analyzer for proper chronological determination of various events. Without RTC synchronization Power Quality Analyzer MC 784/iMC 784 acts as a Class S device.

To distinct cause from consequence, to follow a certain event from its origin to manifestation in other parameters it is very important that each and every event and recorded measurement on one instrument can be compared with events and measurements on other devices. Even if instruments are dislocated, which is normally the case in electro distribution and transmission network events have to be time-comparable with accuracy better than a single period.

For this purpose instruments normally support highly accurate internal RTC. Still this is not enough, since temperature is location dependent and it influences its precision. For that reason it is required to implement periodical RTC synchronization.

Power Quality Analyzer MC 784/iMC 784 supports three types of RTC synchronization.

### GPS time synchronization:

1pps and serial RS232 communication with NMEA 0183 sentence support.

GPS interface is designed as 5 pole pluggable terminal (+5V for receiver supply, 1pps input and standard RS232 communication interface).

Proposed GPS receiver is MEINBERG GPS164 or similar.

### IRIG time code B (IRIG-B):

Unmodulated (DC 5V level shift) and modulated (1 kHz) serial coded format with support for 1pps, day of year, current year and straight seconds of day as described in standard IRIG-200-04. Supported serial time code formats are IRIG-B007 and IRIG-B127

Interface for modulated IRIG-B is designed as BNC-F terminal with 600 Ohm input impedance. Interface for unmodulated IRIG-B is designed as pluggable terminal.

### Network time protocol (NTP):

Synchronization via Ethernet requires access to a NTP server.

**Note:** NTP can usually maintain time to within tens of milliseconds over the public Internet, but the accuracy depends on infrastructure properties - asymmetry in outgoing and incoming communication delay affects systematic bias. It is recommended that dedicated network rather than public network is used for synchronization purposes.



### COMMUNICATION

Power Quality Analyzer MC 784/iMC 784 has a wide variety of communication possibilities to suit specific demands. It is equipped with standard communication port COM1 and auxiliary communication port COM2. This allows two different users to access data from a device simultaneously and by using TCP/IP communication, data can be accessed worldwide.

Configuration	COM1	COM2
	Ethernet & USB <sup>(1)</sup>	RS232/RS485 <sup>(2)</sup>

 $^{(1)}$  Galvanic separation between Eth. and USB is 1 kV\_{\rm ACRMS}. USB can be used as service port.

<sup>(2)</sup> RS232/RS485 communication and GPS time synchronization cannot be used at the same time. When GPS time synchronization is used, RS232/RS485 communication on COM2 is not available.

### Table 4: Communication configuration

Power Quality Analyzer MC 784/iMC 784 supports standard communication protocols MODBUS RTU, MODBUS TCP, DNP3 L1, MQTT, upgradeable to IEC61850 Ed.2 (optionally).

Additionally it supports the proprietary *PUSH or MQTT* (*M2M*) communication mode, which is used in system applications with multiple devices attached into the network. Devices autonomously send all preconfigured data (triggers, alarms, measurements, all records) into the MiSMART server (via XML PUSH data packages) or into the MQTT brokers. The server system software MiSMART collects data through the push receiver service or MQTT brokers and stores it into a relational database.

The version with MQTT protocol is specially developed for EU project TDX-ASSIST. The functionality of it is used in Elektro Gorenjska.

All stored data can then be viewed with the native MiSMART web based application which can be viewed with any web browser. At the same time MiSMART can serve as a middleware system to relay all device gathered data into a third-party system software (e.g. SCADA systems, OPC server, PQ analysis established softwares...). The main benefits offered to a typical customer after implementing the MiSMART system can be stated below: Receiving relevant periodic measurement data and real time alarms and triggers from all crucial points in electrodistribution network to assure:

- o better protection
- o more reliable operation
- o faster response on failures
- o better maintenance
- o control on power consumption and
- o losses in network
- o historical data for better planning
- o better power quality
- o better control on the installed equipment...

For more information about the PUSH communication mode and XML format see the Power Quality Analyzer MC 784/iMC 784 User's manual. For more information on the MiSMART system software please see the MiSMART User's manual. Some examples of MiSMART native web client usage are shown in the figures below:



Figure 12: Viewing measurement data in graphic and table form with the MiSMART native web client

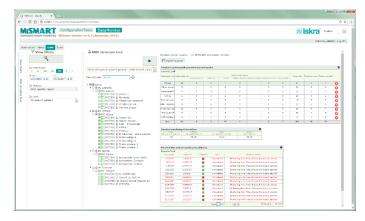


Figure 13: Viewing PQ data as MRP based view with the MiSMART native web client

### **TECHNICAL DATA**

### **Measurement inputs**

### Frequency measurements:

Nominal frequency range	50 Hz, 60 Hz
Measuring frequency range	16 Hz – 400 Hz

4 (1)

powers

500 V<sub>LN</sub> , 866 V<sub>LL</sub>

(min value - 1 V<sub>rms</sub>)

600 V<sub>LN</sub>; 1000 V<sub>LL</sub>

4.2  $M\Omega$  per phase

 $2 \times U_N$ ; 10 s

 $1.2 \times U_N$  permanently

From starting voltage for SYNC

From starting voltage for all

### Voltage measurements:

Number of channels Nominal value  $(U_N)$ Min. voltage for sync.

Min, measured value

Max. measured value (cont.) Max. allowed value

 $< U^2 / 4.2 \ M\Omega$  per phase Consumption Input impedance <sup>(1)</sup> 4<sup>th</sup> channel is used for measuring UEARTH-NEUTRAL

### **Current measurements:**

Number of channels	4
Nominal value (I <sub>NOM</sub> )	1 A, 5 A
Min. measured value	From starting current for all
	powers
Max. measured value	12.5 A sinusoidal
(I <sub>1</sub> -I <sub>3</sub> only)	
Max. allowed value (thermal)	15 A continuous
	≤ 300 A; 1 s
Consumption	< $I^2 \times 0.01 \Omega$ per phase

### Consumption

### Sampling and resolution:

Waveform sampling	32 μs (625 Samples per Cycle)
ADC resolution	24 bit 8-ch simultaneous inputs
Reading refresh rate	100 ms – 5 s (User defined)
Timestamp resolution	1 ms

### System:

Voltage inputs can be connected either directly to lowvoltage network or via a voltage transformer to a higher voltage network.

Current inputs can be connected either directly to lowvoltage network or shall be connected to network via a corresponding current transformer (with standard 1 A or 5 A outputs).

### **Basic accuracy under reference conditions**

Accuracy is presented as percentage of reading of the measured value except when it is stated as an absolute value.

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Measurand	Accuracy	
Voltage L-N, L-L	± 0.1 %	acc. to EN 61557-12
Current	± 0.1 %	acc. to EN 61557-12
Active power ( $I_N = 5A$ )	± 0.2 %	acc. to EN 61557-12
Active power $(I_N = 1A)$	± 0.5 %	acc. to EN 61557-12
Active energy	Cl. 0.2S	acc. to EN 62053-22
Reactive energy	Cl. 0.5S	acc. to EN 62053-24
Frequency (f)	± 0.01 Hz	acc. to EN 61557-12
Power factor (PF)	± 0.5 %	acc. to EN 61557-12
THD (U)	± 0.3 %	acc. to EN 61557-12
THD (I)	± 0.3 %	acc. to EN 61557-12
Real time clock (RTC)	< ± 1 s / day	acc. to IEC61000-4-30
All values required t	for PQ analy	sis, which should be
measured according	to IEC6100	0-4-30 correspond to
Class A accuracy.		

For complete overview of accuracy for all measured parameters and measuring ranges see Users' manual.

### **INPUT/OUTPUT** modules

Power Quality Analyzer MC 784/iMC 784 is equipped with two main I/O modules A and B, two auxiliary I/O modules 1/2 and 3/4 and special time-synchronization module C. The following I/O modules are available:

Module type	Number of module	es per slot
	Main slot	Aux slot
Analogue output (AO)	2	/
Analogue input (AI)	2	/
Pulse output (PO)	2	/
Pulse input (PI)	2	/
Tariff input (TI)	2	/
Relay output (RO)	2	8
Digital input (DI)	2	8
Bistable alarm output (BO)	1	/
Watchdog / Relay output	WO/RO	/
Table 5: List of available I/O modules		

### Analogue input (AI):

Three types of analogue inputs are suitable for acquisition of low voltage DC signals from different sensors. According to application requirements it is possible to choose current, voltage or resistance (temperature) analogue input. They all use the same output terminals.

MiQen software allows setting an appropriate calculation factor, exponent and required unit for representation of primary measured value (temperature, pressure, wind speed ...).

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### Analogue DC current input:

Nominal input range Input resistance Accuracy Temperature drift Conversion resolution Analogue input mode

### Analogue DC voltage input:

Nominal input range Input resistance Accuracy Temperature drift Conversion resolution Analogue input mode 20 Ω 0.5 % of range 0.01 % / ℃ 16 bit (sigma-delta) internally referenced Single-ended

- 20 ... 0 ... 20 mA (± 20 %)

– 10 ... 0 ... 10 V (± 20 %) 100 kΩ 0.5 % of range 0.01 % / °C 16 bit (sigma-delta) internally referenced Single-ended

### Analogue resistance (temperature) input:

Nominal input range (low)*	0 200 Ω (max. 400 Ω)
	PT100 (- 200 °C 850 °C)
Nominal input range (high)*	0 2 kΩ (max. 4 kΩ)
	PT1000 (- 200 °C 850 °C)
Connection	2 - wire
Accuracy	0.5 % of range
Conversion resolution	16 bit (sigma-delta)
Analogue input mode	internally referenced Single-ended
*	

 $^{\ast}$  Low or high input range and primary input value (resistance or temperature) are set by the MiQen setting software

### Analogue output (AO):

Output range	0 20 mA
Accuracy	0.5 % of range
Max. burden	150 Ω
Linearization	Linear, Quadratic
No. of break points	6
Output value limits	$\pm$ 120 % of nominal output
Response time	depends on set general average
(measurement and	interval
analogue output)	(0.1 s – 5 s)
Residual ripple	< 1 % p.p.
Outputs may be sither sh	art or open circuited They are

Outputs may be either short or open-circuited. They are electrically insulated from each other and from all other circuits.

Output range values can be altered subsequently (zoom scale) using the setting software, but a supplementary error results.

### Tariff input (TI)

Rated voltage	5 48 V DC
	110 ± 20 % V AC/DC
	230 ± 20 % V AC/DC
Frequency range	45 65 Hz
Pulse input (PI)	
Rated voltage	5 48 V DC
Max. Current	8 mA (at 48 V DC) + 20 %
Min. pulse width	0.5 ms
Min. pulse period	2 ms
SET voltage	40 120 % of rated voltage
RESET voltage	0 10 % of rated voltage

### Technical Documentation

5 ... 48 V DC 110 ± 20 % V AC/DC

45 ... 65 Hz

Relay switch

≈1.5 s

Relay in ON position

230 VAC/DC ± 20 % max

230 ± 20 % V AC/DC

### Digital input (DI)

Rated voltage

Frequency range

### Bistable alarm output (BO)

Type Purpose Rated voltage Max. switching current Contact resistance Relay switch Alarm output 230  $V_{AC/DC} \pm 20$  % max 1000 mA (main slot) ≤ 100 mΩ (100 mA, 24 V)

### Watchdog (WO)/Relay output (RO)

Type Normal operation Failure detection delay Rated voltage Max. switching current Contact resistance

### Pulse output (PO) Type

Purpose Rated voltage Max. switching current Pulse length

### Time synchronization input

Digital input 1pps voltage level Time code telegram

AM analogue input Carrier frequency Input impedance Amplitude Modulation ration

### **Auxiliary Power Supply**

Measurement category Nominal voltage AC Nominal frequency Nominal voltage DC Consumption (typical) Consumption (max. all I/O)

Power-on transient current

### Safety:

Protection:

 $\land \square$ 

Pollution degree Installation category Measuring inputs 1000 mA ≤ 100 mΩ (100 mA, 24 V) Optocoupler open collector switch Pulse output

40 V<sub>AC/DC</sub> 30 mA (R<sub>ONmax</sub> = 8 Ω) programmable (2 ... 999 ms)

> GPS or IRIG-B TTL TTL level (+ 5 V) RS232 (GPS) DC level shift (IRIG-B) IRIG-B AM modulated 1 kHz 600 Ohms 2.5 V<sub>P-Pmin</sub>, 8 V<sub>P-Pmax</sub> 3:1 – 6:1

CAT III 300 V 100 V – 240 V; -20%....+15% 40 ... 65 Hz 100 V - 250 V; +20% < 8 VA typical < 12 VA (MC 784) < 13 VA (iMC 784) < 20 A ; 1 ms

protection class II functional earth terminal must be connected to earth potential! Voltage inputs via high impedance Double insulation for I/O ports and COM ports

2 CAT III ; 600 V CAT IV ; 300 V Acc. to EN 61010-1



### Mechanical

Dimensions	144 × 144 × 100 mm
Mounting	Panel mounting 144 × 144 mm
Required mounting hole	137 × 137 mm
Enclosure material	PC / ABS
Flammability	Acc. to UL 94 V-0
Weight	550 g
Enclosure material	PC / ABS
	Acc. to UL 94 V-0

### Ambient conditions:

Ambient temperature

Storage temperature Average annual humidity Pollution degree Enclosure protection K55 temperature class Acc. to EN61557-12 - 10 ... 55 °C - 40 to + 70 °C ≤ 90 % r.h. (no condensation) 2 IP 40 (front plate) IP 20 (rear side)

≤2000 m

### Installation altitude Real time clock

A built-in real time clock is also without external synchronization very stable when device is connected to auxiliary power supply. For handling shorter power interruptions without influence on RTC, device uses high capacity capacitor. It ensures auxiliary supply (for internal RTC only) for more than two days of operation.

Туре	Low power embedded RTC
RTC stability	< 1 sec / day

### **Connection cables**

Power Quality Analyzer MC 784/iMC 784 is equipped with European style pluggable terminals for measuring voltages, auxiliary supply, communication and I/O modules. Measuring current cables shall be attached as throughhole connection without screwing.

### NOTE!

Stranded wire must be used with insulated end sleeve to assure firm connection.

Voltage inputs (4)	$\leq$ 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> , AWG 24-12 single wire
Current inputs (3)	$\leq$ Ø 6 mm one conductor with
	insulation
Current inputs – neutral (1)	$\leq$ Ø 5 mm one conductor with
current inputs – neutrai (1)	insulation
Supply (2)	$\leq$ 2.5 mm $^2$ , AWG 24-12 single wire
I/O (31)	$\leq$ 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> , AWG 24-12 single wire
	$\leq$ 2.5 mm $^2$ , AWG 24-12 single wire

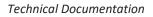
### MiQen - setting studio Software

MiQen software is intended for configuration and data analysis of a PC or network connected Power Quality Analyzer MC 784/iMC 784. Network and the device setting, display of measured and stored values and analysis of stored data in the device are possible via the serial, Ethernet or USB communication. The information and stored measurements can be exported in standard .scv formats as well as into the MiSMART database and PQDIF format. The software is multilingual and runs on all Windows operating systems since Windows XP.

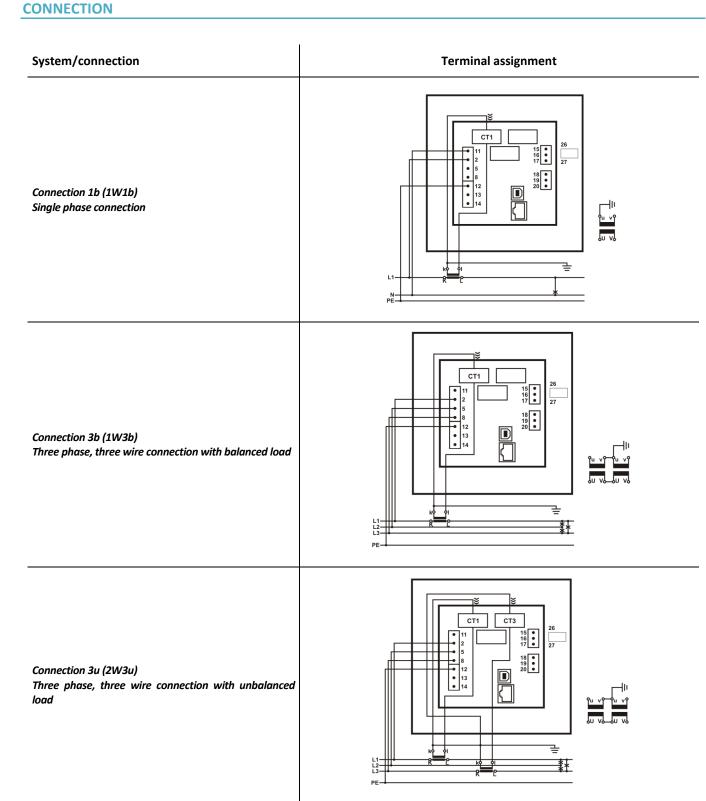
Refresh	Address: 33 MC784	Go to: • Device #3	3. IP Address: 10.120.4.134. Port: 10001. Modbus RTU. Timeout 10s	
	Ci Settings		MC784, Serial number: IMC00100. Read at	e 11-
	main MC784	^ Setting	Value	
Connection	🚊 🚓 General	B1: Assigned output	Alam Group 1	
Connection	- X Connection	B2 Anigred output	Aways OFF	
	E- Communication	B3: Assigned output	Allege OFF	
	- Rush Data Clients		Alarm Group 1	
0	- 🔛 Display	B4: Assigned output	Alarm Group 2	
Settings	- Ca Security	B5: Assigned output	Alam Group 3 Alam Group 4	
	E- Energy	B6: Assigned output	Alam 1	
	Counters	B7: Assigned output	Alam 2 Alam 3	
63	Tarff Clock	B8: Assigned output	Alarm 4	
	Holidays		Alarm 5	
Measurements	- Calinguite & Outputs		Alam 6 Alam 7	
	- II Digtal input		Alam 8	
	- III Digital input		Alarm 9	
2000			Alarm 10 Alarm 11	
Analysis	- Helay output		Alarm 12	
Analysis	- A Sx Digital input		Alarm 13 Alarm 14	
	- IBI 8 x Relev output		Alam 14 Alam 15	
-	ICI Synchronisation, COM2		Alarm 16	
	Aams		Alarm 17 Alarm 18	
My Devices	Aam goup 1		Alam 19	
	- A Alam group 2		Alarm 20	
	- Alam group 3		Alam 21 Alam 22	
	Alam group 4		Alern 23	
5			Alam 24 Alam 25	
Upgrades	Trend recorder A		Ham 25	_
	Trend recorder B			
	- Trend recorder C			_
	Trend recorder D	B2: Assigned output	Pas	sewo
	Advanced recorders	Defines control for the relay output.		
	Logical inputs			
	- 14 Logical functions			

Figure 14: MiQen setting and acquisition software (relay output settings) MiQen software is intended for the following use:

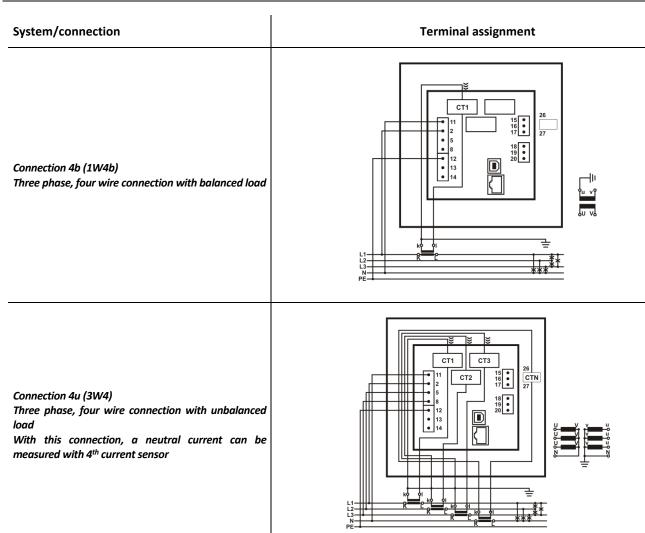
- Setting all of the instruments parameters (online and offline).
- Viewing current measured readings and stored data.
- Setting and resetting energy counters.
- Complete I/O modules configuration.
- Evaluation of the electricity supply quality in compliance with EN50160 and automatic PQ report generation.
- Viewing and exporting time-stamped PQ anomaly details.
- Upgrading instruments firmware.
- $\circ$   $\;$  Searching the net for devices.
- o Virtual interactive instrument.
- Downloading all recorded data from one selected device.
- Comprehensive help support.



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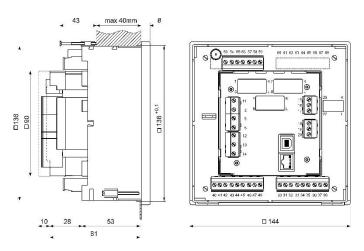


### NOTE:

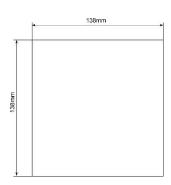
Terminal 12 (PE) must ALWAYS be connected regardless of system connection.

Fourth voltage channel is dedicated for measuring voltage between EARTH (PE, terminal 12) and NEUTRAL (N, terminal 11). DIMENSIONAL DRAWING

### Dimensions



Panel cut-out





### **Connection table**

Function			Connection	Comment	
Measuring input		IL1	1/3		
	ACourrent	IL2	4/6	▲ CAT III 600V	
	AC current	IL3	7/9		
		ILN	26/27		
		UL1	2		
	ACvoltage	UL2	5	▲ CAT III 600V	
	AC voltage	UL3	8		
		UN	11		
		+/~	15		
	I/O module 1/2	-/~	16		
Inputs / outputs		+/~	17		
		+/~	18		
	I/O module 3/4	-/~	19		
		+/~	20	I/O function depends on type of I/O module	
		-/~	30		
	I/O module A	+/~	31 - 38		
	I/O module B	-/~	40		
	I/O module B	+/~	41 - 48		
		BNC input	BNC	IRIG-B modulated (1kHz) time sync. signal	
	I/O module C	1 pps	53	TTL level 1 pps time sync. Signal or IRIG-B digital	
	i/O module C	RS485	54, 55	A – 54, B – 55	
		MODEM/RS232	56-59	Rx – 56, GND – 57, Tx – 58, +5V - 59	
		+ / ~ (L)	13	▲ CAT III 300V	
Auxiliary po	wer supply	-/∼(N)	14		
		Ŧ	12	GROUND terminal must always be connected!!	
Commun	aisation	USB	Туре В	USB 2.0 type B	
Commur		ETHERNET	RJ-45	10/100 BASE-TX Ethernet	

Table 6: Connections

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### **DATA FOR ORDERING**

When ordering Power Quality Analyzer MC 784/iMC 784, all required specifications shall be stated in compliance with the ordering code. Additional information could be stated. Note that fixed or programmable specifications are not part of ordering code.

### Additional options:

### To order the option of IEC61850 Ed.2 Server please order the following additional SW option number: 022491017000

### General ordering code

The following specifications shall be stated:

Device Type	Nominal freq.	Aux. power supply	Comm. COM1	I/O module 1/2	I/O module 3/4	I/O module A	I/O module B		
xMC 784	X	Н	Х	X	Х	X	Х	1	
l	I		I			I			
		ļ	ļ	ļ	1	N		Without *	
			1	1	1	N		8x Relay (alarm) output	I/O module A only
								8x Digital input 230 VAC/DC	
1		1	1	1	1	E		8x Digital input 110 VAC/DC 8x Digital input 5-48 VAC/DC	
1		1	 	1 N		With			
		ł	1	A					
I I	÷	i	1	S		2× Analogue output 2× Pulse output			
i i	i	i	i		M 2× Relay (alarm) output				
i i	i	i	i		B 1× Bistable relay (alarm) output				
i	i	i	i	W	W 1× Status + 1× Relay output				
I	Ì	Ì		I		2× A	nalo	gue input - mA <sub>DC</sub>	
I	I	Ι		U	J	2× Analogue input - V <sub>DC</sub>			
I	I	Ι		R	ł	2× Analogue input - R/Temp.			
I	Ι	Ι		P	)	2× Pulse input 5 - 48 V <sub>DC</sub>			
I	I	Ι		D	)	2× Digital input 230 V AC/DC			
I	I	Τ		E		2× Digital input 110 V AC/DC			
I	Ι	Ι		F		2× Digital input 5 - 48 V <sub>AC/DC</sub>			
I	Ι	Ι	Ι	Т	•	2× Tariff input 230 V <sub>AC/DC</sub>			I/O module 1/2 only
I	I	I	Ι	Z		2× Tariff input 110 V AC/DC			I/O module 1/2 only
I	Ι			Ŷ	,	2× Tariff input 5 - 48 V <sub>AC/DC</sub> I/O module 1/2 only			
l	I		Ε			& USI			
I		S Ethernet & USB -IEC 61850 Ed.2							
I	H 80300 V DC, 80276 V AC *								
I		<b>S</b> 50, 60 Hz *							
		A 400 Hz							
iMC 784		Power Quality Analyzer with TFT 5.7" display							
MC 784	Power Quality Analyzer with Graphic 128x64 pixel display								

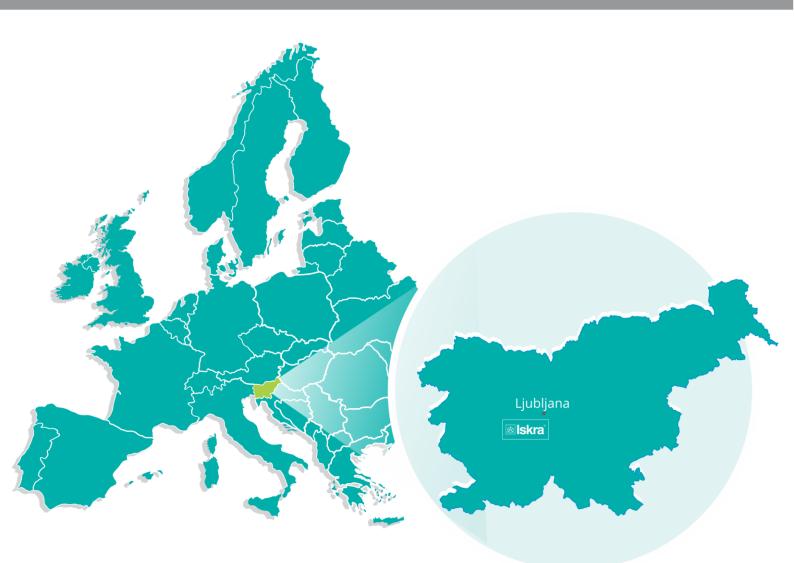
\*- standard

## **⊗ Iskra**°

### Dictionary:

PQ	Power Quality alias Voltage Quality
TRMS	True Root Mean Square
PA	Power angle (between current and voltage)
PF	Power factor
VT	Voltage measuring transformer
СТ	Current measuring transformer
THD	Total harmonic distortion
Ethernet	IEEE 802.3 data layer protocol
MODBUS / DNP3	Industrial protocol for data transmission
MiQen	ISKRA setting and acquisition Software
AC	Alternating quantity
RTC	Real Time Clock
IRIG	Inter-range instrumentation group time codes
NTP	Network Time Protocol

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