



SENECA s.r.l.

Via Austria 26, PADOVA - ITALY

Tel. +39.049.8705355 - 8705359 Fax. +39.049.8706287

Website: www.seneca.it

Customer service: supporto@seneca.it (IT), support@seneca.it (Other)

Commercial information: commerciale@seneca.it (IT), sales@seneca.it (Other)

This document is the property of SENECA srl. Even partial duplication and reproduction are forbidden, if not authorized. The content of the present documentation refers to products and technologies described in it. Though we strive to reach perfection continually, all technical data contained in this document may be modified or added due to technical and commercial needs; it is impossible to eliminate mismatches and discordances completely. The content of this documentation is anyhow subjected to periodical revision. If you have any questions do not hesitate to contact our company or write to the above-mentioned email addresses.

MI004474-E



Date	Version	Changes
29/06/2016	1.00	First revision
22/07/2016	1.02	Added chapter on the use of audio alarms
02/08/2016	1.03	Added chapter on the use of the address book and groups to send alarms to
14/12/2016	1.04	Added support to Z-UMTS and Z-LOGGER3 RTUs Deleted chapters and added in the Application Note section

1. PRE	ELIMINARY INFORMATION ON SEAL	5
1.1. EV	ENTS - LOGIC - ACTIONS	5
1.2. EV	ENTS	6
1.3. LO 1.3.1.	GIC SEC: SIMPLE EVENT CONTROL	7
1.4. AC	TIONS	10
2. MAI	KING AND PROGRAMMING THE FIRST SEAL PROJECT	11
 2. MAI 3. WE 	KING AND PROGRAMMING THE FIRST SEAL PROJECT B SERVER AND MODBUS TCP-IP SERVER SERVICES	11 19
 2. MAI 3. WE 3.1. EN 	KING AND PROGRAMMING THE FIRST SEAL PROJECT	11 19 19
 MAI WE WE The second second	KING AND PROGRAMMING THE FIRST SEAL PROJECT	11 19
 MAI WE WE WE RE 3.2.1. 	KING AND PROGRAMMING THE FIRST SEAL PROJECT	11
 MAI WE WE EN S.2.1. S.2.2. 	KING AND PROGRAMMING THE FIRST SEAL PROJECT	11

ATTENTION!

Contact your telephone provider for information on GSM and GPRS service costs. It is best to quantify log and SMS costs before setting up and installing Z-GPRS3, Z-UMTS, Z-LOGGER3.

The use of Z-GPRS3 and Z-UMTS in data roaming mode (for example, abroad with an Italian SIM card) may generate unexpected costs. Contact your telephone provider for further information.

IN NO CASE MAY SENECA OR ITS SUPPLIERS BE HELD LIABLE FOR ANY LOSS OF DATA, INCOME OR PROFIT DUE TO INDIRECT, CONSEQUENTIAL OR INCIDENTAL CAUSES (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE) DERIVING FROM OR CONNECTED WITH THE USE OR INABILITY TO USE Z-GPRS3, Z-UMTS AND Z-LOGGER3, EVEN IF SENECA WAS INFORMED ABOUT THESE POSSIBLE DAMAGES.

SENECA, ITS SUBSIDIARIES OR AFFILIATES OR GROUP PARTNERS OR DISTRIBUTORS AND SENECA DEALERS DO NOT GUARANTEE THAT THE FUNCTIONS FAITHFULLY MEET THE EXPECTATIONS AND THAT Z-GPRS3, Z-UMTS AND Z-LOGGER3, ITS FIRMWARE AND SOFTWARE ARE FREE FROM ERRORS OR WORK UNINTERRUPTEDLY.

SENECA HAS TAKEN THE UTMOST CARE AND CAUTION IN DRAFTING THIS MANUAL. HOWEVER, IT MAY CONTAIN ERRORS OR OMISSIONS. SENECA SRL RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MODIFY AND/OR VARY PARTS OF THIS MANUAL TO CORRECT ERRORS OR TO ADJUST TO PRODUCT FEATURE CHANGES WITHOUT ANY PRIOR NOTICE.

ATTENTION!

-Contact your telephone service provider for GSM and GPRS service costs especially when using Z-GPRS3 or Z-UMTS with a sim card issued by a country other than the one in which it is used (international roaming).

-It is best to estimate telephone costs before setting up Z-GPRS3 and Z-UMTS.

-The cost of each SMS is set by the telephone service provider.

-GPRS send/receive costs can be tied to Kbytes sent/received, a monthly ceiling included in a package or GPRS connection time. Contact your telephone service provider for further information.

-Check the data quantity sent via GPRS and SMS before using Z-GPRS3 and Z-UMTS.

Please remember that mobile phone service providers consider the entire communication that permits file transmission as data traffic (and therefore data transmission overhead, the number of connection attempts, etc. must also be included in the count) and not just the dimensions of each 2G/3G transaction.

1. PRELIMINARY INFORMATION ON SEAL

This manual wishes to introduce you to SEAL programming for Seneca RTUs.

Further information about SEAL can be found in the SEAL online help; further information on Z-GPRS, Z-UMTS and Z-LOGGER3 can be found in the user manual.

Each function Block has a help key leading straight to the explanation of the block:



1.1. EVENTS - LOGIC - ACTIONS

SEAL (SEneca Advanced Language) is a configuration and programming software for Seneca RTUs.

SEAL allows making simple programs using an approach such as:

Events, Logic and Actions are called *function blocks* that are interconnected among themselves with threads, creating *chains*.

A chain example is for instance:



Event DIN1 ALM (alarm on digital input 1) is connected to the SEC (Simple Event Control) control logic, if the event is false (and therefore there is no alarm), the "FALSE" action is carried out (the output to relay 1 is not energized); if the event is true (and therefore the alarm is active), the "TRUE" action is carried out (the output to relay 1 is energized):

1.2. EVENTS

In SEAL *Events* can be found in the *Events* folder:



Events include: Alarms on analogue (AIN) and digital (DIN) inputs, etc...

An event can only be boolean (digital), so it can be either true or false.

Apart from predefined events, it is possible to join a *variable* with a *function* generating a new *event*.

In this example, two modbus variables have been defined, "Test_VAR1" and "Test_VAR2", if "TEST_VAR1" > "TEST_VAR2" the "TRUE" action is performed and the output to relay 1 is energized, otherwise the "FALSE" action is performed and the output to relay 1 is deenergized.



Therefore the variables connected with a function form an *event*.



1.3. LOGIC

The logic allows selecting which actions must be performed if the event is true or false.

The function blocks that execute the logic are in the "Controls" folder:



The number in square brackets [xx/yy] has the following meaning:

xx = Number of function blocks of the stated type used in the current project

yy = Maximum number of usable function blocks of the type stated

1.3.1. SEC: SIMPLE EVENT CONTROL

The most useful function block is SEC (Simple EC Event Control), and, as you can see, a maximum of 32 SECs can be used.

SEC separates "False" and "True" events:



Double-clicking on the function block, the settings of Simple Event Control are displayed:

		SEC1	
SEC1 Event Co	ontrol		×
SEC1			Configure Simple Event Control Actions
Simple Event C	ontrol		
Inputs		1	Output Pad 1 Output Pad 2
Input Logic	AND	\sim	
Send	Nothing	~	Wait for Notification
To Profile		\sim	Append Notification to SysLog
Block Info			
Block Function	on Description		
0			APPLY CANCEL

SEC can process from 1 to 4 inputs, if > 1 it is possible to choose the input logic:

SEC1	Configure Simple Event Control Action
Simple Event Control	
lonute	Output Pad 1
inputs	Output Pad 2
Input Logic AND	~
Send OR	Wait for Notification
To Profile	Append Notification to SysLog
Block Info	
Block Function Descrip	ion

That is input events must all be true (AND) or just one (OR) must be.

It is possible to associate sending text messages or audio calls with "Send":

 SEC1 Event Co 	ntrol	- 🗆 X
SEC1		Configure Simple Event Control Actions
Simple Event Co	ntrol	
Inputs	1	Output Pad 1
		Output Pad 2
Input Logic	AND ~	
Send	Nothing ~	Wait for Notification
To Profile	Nothing Audio Call Audio Call + SMS	Append Notification to SysLog
Bock Info	Audio Call + Email SMS Email	
Block Functio	SMS + Email Http Post SMS + Http Post	
0		APPLY CANCEL

If you want events to be displayed *in the event logger*, flag the "Appen Notification to Syslog" checkbox.

1.4. ACTIONS

Actions are available in SEAL in the Actions folder:



Actions are available on meters, digital outputs, logs, etc.

Sending a text message (or an audio call) is considered a particular action and must be managed through Messages and the configuration of the logic block:

SEC1 Event Co	ntrol	-
SEC1		Configure Simple Event Control Actions
Simple Event C	ontrol	
Innuts	1	Output Pad 1
a sport	· •	Output Pad 2
Input Logic	AND \vee	
Send	Nothing ~	Wait for Notification
To Profile	Nothing Audio Call Audio Call + SMS	Append Notification to SysLog
	Audio Call + Email SMS	
Bock Info	Email	
Block Info Block Functio	Email SMS + Email Http Post SMS + Http Post	

Messages can in turn be connected to the real action (that can be there or not).

For instance, it is possible to send an SMS if a threshold is exceeded on analogue 1, doing it this way:



It is also possible to follow the messages with the command of digital output1:



2. COMPILING AND PROGRAMMING THE FIRST SEAL PROJECT

As an example, make a simple project for Z-GPRS3 step by step whose purpose is sending an alarm SMS if there is a change of status of digital input 1 (DIN1).

First of all, configure the target by choosing for example "Z-GPRS3":

Select Targ	et		>
	Z-GPRS3		~
-	Show All	Versions	
0		APPLY	CANCEL

Go to the configuration of the SIM card that will send the alarm SMSs by clicking on icon

Now select the parameters of your service provider:

GSM	Configure Modem GSM/GPRS S	iervices 🗹 Enabl
General SMS GPRS	Advanced	
SIM Operator		
Country	Italy	~
Operator	TIM	~
Country Calling Code	+39	
SIM Type		
Voice	Data Only (NOT Sends/Red	ceives Voice Call)
PIN		
Enable PIN	PIN Code	

Add the telephone number to send the SMSs to, to the address book, clicking on icon

Double click on "Administrator" and enter the number +3912346:

M			A new series		
	#	Profile	User Name	Phone Number E-Mail	
•	1	Administrator	Administrator		
	2	Manager	User1	🔓 Administrator — 🗆 🗙	
	3	Log Admin	User2		
	4	Alert Admin	User4	Edit User	
	5	Operator	User3	User Administrator	
•				Profile Administrator V	
				Phone Number +3912346 E-Mail Address	

_	1	Administrator	Administrator	+3912346	
	2	Manager	User1		
	3	Log Admin	User2		
	4	Alert Admin	User4		
	5	Operator	User3		

The configuration is now complete.

Now it is necessary to program the alarm chain regarding digital input 1.

First of all, drag the alarm event or the DIN1 ALM function block onto the project:

						•					
े 🗳 🗎 🤊 🦿 🞯 숙 🕨	P	2 ⁴	ĥ	ę	3	GSM	•	NET	C RTC	CLOUD	1
Element Types	^									 	
Events											
AIN2											
DIN1											
T STS Event Condition											
ALM Event Condition											
DELTA ALM Event Con											
TOT ALM Event Condit							-	EV14			
TOT BES Event Condit								DIN1			
TOT ALM Event Condit							-	ALM			
*7 CNT DES Event Condit											
UIN2	~										
>											
Creat Demonto	_										
	n i										

Drag the function block of Simple Event Control logic:



And then connect the event to the logic this way:

Left-click on A, keep pressing the key and release it on point B:



Now double click on the function block of the "SEC1" logic:

Set the "SMS" to "Send" to the Operator profile.

Since the user is the Administrator, it is present in all profiles and so it will receive the SMSs:



Now add the actions that are, in this case, text messages and add the first two Messages: MSG0 and MSG1:



Double click on function blocks MSG0 and MSG1 to modify the default text with your message. Pay attention that SEC1 has false event in pad 1 and true event in pad 2:





The final chain is obtained connecting the function block of the logic to the two messages:



Both the configuration and the project are complete so now it is necessary to fill in and send the project to the RTU.

Using the Build menu, fill in checking there are no mistakes:

Se SeAL Graph Editor v2	I - [[Z-GPRS3] - pirmo esempio]	
File Edit Project	Build Target Window A	bout
n 🖀 💾 🤊 ୯ 🛛	o ^p Generate	F5 CLOU
	Generate and Send to RTU	F6
MSG0 "AL	ARME INGRES: ARME TERMIN.	

#	Level	Facility	Message
226	Debug	Element	SEC1 cfg.ev.ctrl.0.op.3.msk = 0x00000000
227	Debug	Element	SEC1 cfg.ev.ctrl.0.op.3.equ = 0x00
228	Debug	Element	SEC1 cfg.ev.ctrl.0.op.4.flags = 0x00
229	Debug	Element	SEC1 cfg.ev.ctrl.0.op.4.msk = 0x00000000
230	Debug	Element	SEC1 cfg.ev.ctrl.0.op.4.equ = 0x00
231	Debug	Element	SEC1 cfg.ev.ctrl.0.op.5.flags = 0x00
232	Debug	Element	SEC1 cfg.ev.ctrl.0.op.5.msk = 0x00000000
233	Debug	Element	SEC1 cfg.ev.ctrl.0.op.5.equ = 0x00
234	Info	Build	Time elapsed 0:0:0.128

No mistakes have been highlighted.

Now you can send the project to the RTU connecting the USB cable and then pressing "Connect":

Se SeAL Grap	oh Edit	or v2	1 [UNDEF T	ARGET]			
File Edit	Tar	get	Window	About			
	÷	Co	nnect			F4	Ī
	÷[Cor	nvert Phone	book CSV			
	P	Ор	en Audio Ed	itor			
		SB RTU Innectio Innectio TU Info	Connection n n port Connect RTU Z-GPRS FW 0x6200 APP 27669d; MAC C8	COM30 ✓ Automatic ed 33 330.0 GA 2.0.0. 27-5901-4eeb-80	COM Search		
			DIS	CONNECT	CLOSE		

Now send the project with Build -> "Generate and Send to RTU":

File Edit Project	Build Target Window About	
ት 🖀 💾 🤊 ୯ 🛛	g [©] Generate	F5
	Generate and Send to RTU	F6

At this point, just short circuit terminal 15 and 13 to send the alarm SMS:

"DIGITAL INPUT 1 ALARM ACTIVE!"

to the configured number.

If the short circuit on terminals 15 and 13 is removed, another alarm SMS is generated:

"DIGITAL INPUT 1 ALARM END!"

3. WEB SERVER AND MODBUS TCP-IP SERVER SERVICES

RTUs have two servers, the web server and the modbus TCP-IP server:

- WEB SERVER: allows to view the values of the logger variables in real time, simply using a web browser for PC, smart phone or tablets. It is possible to see the status of the RTU, view any errors, download the log files on the SD card, etc.

- MODBUS TCP-IP SERVER: allows to access in real time the values of the variables that are logged via SCADA or Modbus TCP-IP client.

For the Modbus TCP-IP addresses of the RTU internal variables, refer to the user manual.

The Modbus TCP-IP addresses of the RTU extended variables are calculated when filling in, refer to the filling in output:

#	Level	Facility	Message	
251	Debug	Element	APP cfg.app.status_notify_flags.1 = 0x00000000	
252	Debug	Element	APP cfg.app.status_notify_flags.2 = 0x00000000	
253	Debug	Element	APP cfg.app.status_notify_flags.3 = 0x00000000	
254	Debug	Element	APP cfg.app.debug_enable = 0x00000000	
255	Debug	Element	PRT2 1:INVERTER_A 31793:Current String1 var.w.0 = 0x0000	
256	Debug	Element	PRT2 1:INVERTER_A 31793:Current String1 var.w.1 = 0x0000	
257	Debug	Element	PRT2 1:INVERTER_A 31795:Current String2 var.w.2 = 0x0000	
258	Debug	Element	PRT2 1:INVERTER_A 31795:Current String2 var.w.3 = 0x0000	
259	Debug	Element	PRT2 1:INVERTER_A 31797:Current String3 var.w.4 = 0x0000	
260	Debug	Element	PRT2 1:INVERTER_A 31797:Current String3 var.w.5 = 0x0000	_
261	Notice	Build	Slave Address Current String1:PRT2 1:INVERTER_A 31793 Current String1 Mapped to 41003	
262	Notice	Build	Slave Address Current String2:PRT2 1:INVERTER_A 31795 Current String2 Mapped to 41005	
263	Notice	Build	Slave Address Current String3:PRT2 1:INVERTER_A 31797 Current String3 Mapped to 41007	
264	Info	Build	Time elapsed 0:0:0.114	

3.1. ENABLING THE WEB SERVER AND THE TCP-IP SERVER

To enable the web server and the modbus TCP-IP server, click on icon and set the parameters to access the web server:

 NET Network Configuration 		-		×
NET	Configure TCP	IP Service	s 🗹 Ena	able
General Web/FTP Server Modbus	Server Client	Services		
FTP Server				
Enable FTP Server		Port 21	* *	
Web Server Enable Web Server httpdocs FTP/Web Server Authentication	in SD-CARD	Port 80	×	
Enable Authentication	User Name a Password a	dmin dmin		
0	APPLY		CANCEL	

To access the factory web server using a browser, enter:

http://IP/maintenance/index.html

where IP is the current IP address of the RTU (default 192.168.90.101).

To access the web server customised in the SD card using a browser, enter:

http://IP/index.html

where IP is the current IP address of the RTU (default 192.168.90.101).

To enable the modbus TCP-IP server:

1 NET Network Configuration	-	
NET	TCP-IP Service	es 🗹 Enable
General Web/FTP Server ModbusServer Cl	ient Services	[
TCP-IP Modbus Server		_
Enable Modbus TCP-IP Server	Port 502	2
400	v	CANCEL
APPL	.r	CANCEL

The Modbus TCP-IP protocol uses port 502 by default, refer to your SCADA to set the correct port number.

3.2. REMOTE ACCESS TO THE WEB SERVER AND MODBUS TCP-IP SERVER

It is possible to access the modbus TCP-IP server and Web server remotely as follows:

- CONNECTION VIA ADSL /Xdsl

For this type of connection, the Ethernet connection is used and the ADSL / xDSL modem must be configured so that the server ports can be seen by the internet (port forwarding or virtual server according to the modem model)

- CONNECTION VIA A GSM/GPRS MODEM

A GSM/GPRS PPP connection is used for this type:

SM	Configure Modem	GSM/GPRS Ser	vices 🔽 Ena
neral SMS	GPRS Advanced	1	/
Enable GPR	S Service Enable PF	PP 🗌 Ena	able RTC Sync
GPRS Access	Point Name		
APN	ibox.tim.it		
APN Aut	nentication Required		
User Name			
Password			
PPP Authe	entication Required	PAP	⊖ CHAP
User Name			
Password			

No emails can therefore be sent via an SMTP EMAIL server since they require an SSL connection.

As to the remote connection, there are various types of SIM:

3.2.1. CLASSIC SIM WITH DATA TRAFFIC

This SIM is the most common and is normally used in smart phones. Typically, this SIM cannot be reached directly because all incoming ports are filtered. With this type of SIM you can only send log files and alarms and can access neither the modbus TCP-IP server nor the WEB server.

If you need to connect to the RTU you must contact your service provider to have the SIM with "incoming ports opened"

3.2.2. CLASSICAL SIM WITH DATA SERVICE AND INCOMING PORTS OPEN

This SIM is a classical SIM enabled for data service whose incoming ports have been opened by the service provider. With this type of SIM you can access the modbus TCP-IP server as well as the Web server but the IP address changes every time you connect (dynamic ip).

21

To solve the problem, the RTU can answer the SMS (whose text is "NET") by sending the current IP address. The Seneca OPC Server can also be used to connect to the Modbus TCP-IP server automatically, using a FTP server that always keeps the last valid IP address.

3.2.3. SIM WITH PRIVATE APN

This SIM allows accessing a private network (external to the internet) and having a fixed and static IP available. It is therefore possible to set both the web server and the Modbus TCP-IP server directly.