

K120RTD

2 WIRE - LOOP POWERED TRANSMITTER FOR PT100 AND NI100 PROBES

General Description

The K120RTD instrument converts a temperature signal read by a PT100 (EN 60 751) or NI100 probe with connection by 2, 3 or 4 wires into a signal normalised in current for 4 - 20 mAloop (2 wires technology).

The module's main features are:

%High precision.

%16 bit resolution.

%Extremely compact size (6.2 mm).

%Attachment to a 35 mm DIN rail.

%Configurability by PC with xxxxx dedicated software.

%Configurability by DIP-switch.

Technical Features PT100 Input- FN 60751/A2 (ITS-90)

T TTOO INPUT EN OUTOINAL	
Measurement Range :	-200 - +650 °C
Resistance Range :	18,5 Ω - 330 Ω
Minimum span :	20 °C
Current on sensor :	750 μA rated
Cable resistance :	Max 25 Ω per wire
Connection :	2, 3 or 4 wires
Resolution :	~ 6 mΩ

NI100 Input

Measurement Range :	-60 - +250 °C	
Resistance Range :	69 Ω - 290 Ω	
Minimum span :	20 °C	
Current on sensor :	750 μA rated	
Cable resistance :	Max 25 Ω per wire	
Connection :	2, 3 or 4 wires	
Resolution :	$\sim 6 \text{ m}\Omega$	

Output/Power Supply

Functioning Voltage :	5-30 Vdc
Current output :	4 - 20 mA, 20 - 4 mA (2 wires technology)
Load resistance :	1 k Ω @ 26 V _{DC} , 21 mA (see on page 2, Load Resistance
	vs Minimum Functioning Voltage diagram)
Resolution :	1 μA(>14 bits)
Output in case of over-range :	102.5% of full scale value (see Table on Page 5)
Output in case of fault :	105% of full scale value (see Table on Page 5)
Current output protection :	approximately 30 mA



Other Features

Network Freq. Rejection : Transmission error : Error caused by EMI (*)	50 Hz and 60 Hz (settable) Max of 0,1% (of measurement range) or 0,1 °C < 0,5 %										
Influence of cable resistance :	0,005Ω/Ω										
Temperature Coefficient :	< 100 ppm, Typical : 30 ppm										
Sampling Time:	100 ms (without 50/60 Hz rejection)										
	300 ms (with 50/60 Hz rejection enabled)										
Response time (10 - 90 %) :	< 220 ms (without 50/60 Hz rejection)										
	< 620 ms (with 50/60 Hz rejection enabled)										
Protection Index :	IP20										
Operating Conditions :	Temperature -20 - +65 °C Humidity 30 - 90 % at 40 °C (non-condensing) Altitude: up to 2000 m.a.s.l										
Storage Temperature: LED Signalling : Connections : Conductor Section : Wire stripping :	-40 - +85 °C Setting error, connection fault, internal fault Spring terminals 0,2 - 2,5 mm ² 8 mm										
Dimensions. Weight :	$62 \times 931 \times 1025 \text{ mm}$ 45 g										
Standards :	EN61000-6-4/2002-10 (electromagnetic emission, industrial surroundings) EN61000-6-2/2006-10 (electromagnetic immunity, industrial surroundings)										

Diagram: Load Resistance vs Minimum Functioning Voltage



(*) EMI: electromagnetic interferences.



Installation rules

This module has been designed for assembly on a DIN 46277 rail. Inserting the module in the rail Removing the module from the rail





- 1 Attach the module in the upper part of the rail.
- 2 Press the module downwards.
- 1 Apply leverage using a screwdriver (as shown in the figure).
- 2 Rotate the module upwards.

Assembly in vertical position is recommended in order to increase the module's ventilation, and no raceways or other objects that compromise aeration must be positioned in the vicinity.

Do not position the module above equipment that generates heat; we recommend positioning the module in the lower part of the control panel or container compartment.

MODULE CONFIGURATION

The module may be configured both by DIP-switches and by PC.

SETTING BY DIP-SWITCHES

Configuration from memory

The module leaves the factory with all the DIP-switches in OFF position.

In this position the module uses the configuration saved in memory. This configuration may be modified by PC (see Setting by PC section).

The default configuration is the following (if no other indications are present on the instrument):

RTD wiring 🛛 🗕 🗕	> 3 wires
50 / 60 Hz Rejection filter 🕒	- present
Reversed Output -	NO NO
RTD Type 🚽 🚽	• PT100
Measurement Range Start-	• 0 °C
Measurement Full-Scale 🕒	▶ 100 °C
Output signal in case of 🛛 🗕	 Towards the top of the output range
Fault	
Over-Range 🗕 🗕	 YES: a 2.5% over-range value is acceptable;
	a 5% over-range value is considered a fault.

If only a DIP-switch is not in OFF position, the configuration saved in memory is not used (it



is not modified and will be used again with all the DIP-switches in OFF position) and so it is necessary to program all the parameters as it is indicated on the tables of the following section.

Custumized Setting

For a customized setting of the module, the positions of the DIP-switch are illustrated on the following tables.

Note: for all following tables:

The indication • indicates that the DIP-switch is set in ON Position.

No indication is provided when the DIP-switch is set in OFF Position.

RTD	RTD WIRING										
SW1	1										
		2 / 4 wires connection									
		3 wires connections									

50 / 6	0	Hz REJECTION FILTER (*)
SW1	2	
		Absent
		Present

(*) The filter slows down the response time to around 620 ms and guarantees the repeating of the disturbance signal at 50/60 Hz overlapping the measurement signal.

REVERSED OUTPUT											
SW1	3	3									
		Reversed: 20 - 4 mA									
		Normal: 4 - 20 mA									

RTD	T١	(PE
SW1	4	
		NI100
		PT100

NOT USED											
SW1 5 Not used											

MEAS	SU	RE	EM	ENT RANGE START
SW1	6	7	8	°C
				0
				-10
				-20
				-40
				-50
				-100
				-150
				-200



MEA	SU	IR	EN	1E	ΝΤ	F	ULL S	CA	LE																											
SW2	1	2	3	4	5	6	°C		SW2	1	2	3	4	5	6	°C		SW2	1	2	3	4	5	6	°C											
							0									120									340											
							5									130									350											
							10									140									360											
							15									150									370											
							20									160									380											
							25									170									390											
							30									180									400											
							35									190									410											
							40									200									420											
							45																				210									430
							50									220									440											
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							65									250									500											
							70									260								ullet	520											
							75					ullet			ullet	270				ullet		\bullet	\bullet	ullet	550											
							80									280								ullet	580											
							85									290								ullet	600											
							90									300									620											
		\bullet					95									310								ullet	650											
							100									320																				
							110									330																				

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OVER-RANGE (*)

SW2 8

• NO: the fault alone causes a 2.5% over-range value.

YES: a 2.5% over-range value is acceptable;

a 5% over-range value is considered a fault.

(*) See the table below for the corresponding values.

Output signal limit	Over-range / Fault ± 2,5 %	Fault ±5%
20 mA	20,4 mA	21 mA
4 mA	3,6 mA	< 3,4 mA

Configuration by PC

The configuration by PC use is possible with the following accessories:

S117P: USB to RS232 / TTL

PM002411: connection cable between S117 and K120RTD Z120: Dedicated programming software

Z120: Dedicated programming software.



The module may be programmed even if it is not supplied by the 4 - 20 mA loop, since the power supply is provided through the programming connector.

The interface to program the module is available under the the frontal cover:



Once the user has at his disposal the above listed accessories, the following parameters may be set:

%Start and Full scale values.

%RTD Connection: 2 wires, 3 wires or 4 wires.

%50/60 Hz Rejection: Absent or Present.

% Measurement filter: Absent or Present (1, 2, 5, 10, 30, 60 seconds).

%Output: Normal (4 - 20 mA) o Reversed (20 - 4 mA).

%RTD Type: PT100 or NI100.

%Cable Resistance Compensation for 2 wires measurement.

%Output signal in case of fault: towards the bottom of the output range or towards the top of the output range.

The configuration may be written to memory with the DIP-switches in any position, but the saved parameters are used only with all the DIP-switches in OFF position.

It is besides possible the calibration of the output scale.

Electrical Connections



Input

The module accepts input from a PT100 (EN 60 751) or NI100 temperature probe with connection by 2, 3 or 4 wires.

The use of shield cables is recommended for the electronic connections.

2-wire connection

This is the connection to be used for short distances (< 10 m) between module and probe, bearing in mind that it adds an error (which may be removed by sofware programming) equivalent to the resistance contributed by the connection cables to the measurement. DIP-switch SW1-1 set in ON Position (2 / 4 wires) or all DIP-switches in OFF position (configuration from memory: module programmed by PC for 2 wires connection). With bridges between Terminals 1 and 2 and Terminals 3 and 4.

3-wire connection

This is the connection to be used for media-long distances (> 10 m) between module and probe. The instrument performs compensation for the resistance of the connection cables. In order for compensation to be correct, it is necessary that the resistance values of each conductors be the same because in order to perform compensation the instrument measures the resistance of only one conductor and assumes the resistance of the others conductors to be exactly the same.

DIP-switch SW1-1 set in OFF Position (3 wires) or all DIP-switches in OFF position (configuration from memory: module programmed by PC for 3 wires connection). With bridge between Terminals 3 and 4.

4-wire connection

This connection to be used for media-long distances (> 10 m) between module and probe. Provides the maximum precision because the instrument measure the resistance of the sensor independently of the resistance of the connection cables.

DIP-switch SW1-1 set in ON Position (2 / 4 wires) or all DIP-switches in OFF position (configuration from memory: module programmed by PC for 2 wires connection).





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Output

Current loop connection (regolated current).

The use of shield cables is recommended for the electronic connections.



Note: in order to reduce the instrument's dissipation, we recommend guaranteeing a load of > 250 Ω to the current output.

LED indications on the frontal panel

LED	Meaning
Rapid flashing 3 pulses/sec.	Internal fault
Slow flashing 1 pulse/sec.	DIP-switch setting error (full scale and start range limits)
Steady light	RTD connection wire fault. Measurement out of range, 3 rd wire resistance out of range.



Disposal of Electrical & Electronic Equipment (Applicable throughout the European Union and other European countries with separate collection programs)

This symbol, found on your product or on its packaging, indicates that this product should not be treated as household waste when you wish to dispose of it. Instead, it should be handed over to an applicable collection point for the recycling of electrical and electronic equipment. By ensuring this product is disposed of correctly, you will help prevent potential negative consequences to the environment and human health, which could otherwise be caused by inappropriate disposal of this product. The recycling of materials will help to conserve natural resources. For more detailed information about the recycling of this product, please contact your local city office, waste disposal service or the retail store where you purchased this product.

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