



USER MANUAL

Z-D-OUT

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MI002540

Seneca Z-PC Line module: Z-D-OUT

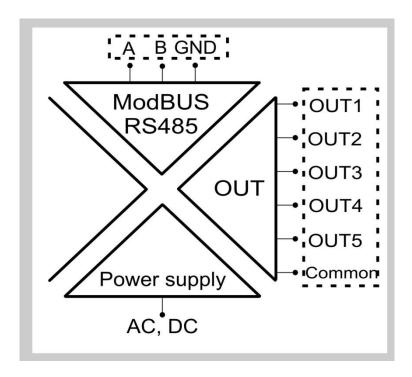
The module Z-D-OUT controls 5 relays digital output (OUT1-OUT5).

General characteristics

- Management of the output state if the interval time of RS485-bus communication failure is greater than a configurable time (up to 25 sec)
- > Configuration of the module (node) address and baud-rate by Dip-Switches
- ➤ It is possible to add/remove the module to/from RS485-bus without disconnecting the communication or power supply

Features

OUTPUT	
Number	5
Туре	Relays SPST (Single Pole Single Throw) normally open, with
	common
Max current through	Screw terminals 7,8,9,10,11: 5A with 250Vac(if resistive load); 2A
screw terminals	(if inductive load). Screw terminal 12: 12A
Max relay switching	6 cycles/min(with resistive load); 1200 cycles/min(with no load)
frequency	
Pick-up relay voltage	18V
Drop-out relay voltage	2.4V
Relay internal supply	With reference to the screw terminal 12 (GND), the relays are
	supplied with 24Vdc internally
No-load adsorbed	9mA
current by a relay	
Relay response time	5/2ms
CONNECTIONS	
RS485 interface	IDC10 connector for DIN 46277 rail (back-side panel) or screw
	terminals: 4 (GND), 5(B), 6(A)
1500 Vac ISOLATIONS	
	Between: power supply, ModBUS RS485, digital output

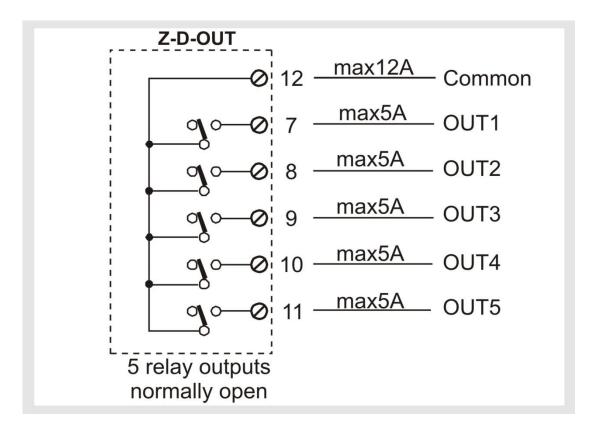


POWER SUPPLY	
Supply voltage	10 – 40 Vdc or 19 – 28 Vac (50Hz - 60Hz)
Power	Min: 0.5W; Max: 2.5W
consumption	

The power supply transformer necessary to supply the module must comply with EN60742 (Isolated transformers and safety transformers requirements). To protect the power supply, it is recommended to install a fuse.

Output connections

Power on the module with < 40 Vdc or < 28 Vac voltage supply. These upper limits must not be exceeded to avoid serious damage to the module.



It's forbidden that the current through the screw terminal 12 (common) is greater than 12A. **It's forbidden** that the current through the screw terminals 7,8,9,10,11 is greater than 5A.

Dip-switches table

In the following tables: box without circle means Dip-Switch=0 (OFF state); box with circle means Dip-Switch=1 (ON state).

BA	UD-F	RATE (Dip-Switches: DIP-SWITCH STATUS)						
1	2	Me	Meaning					
		Bau	ıd-ra	te=96	500 E	Baud		
	•	Bau	ud-ra	te=19	9200	Baud		
•		Bau	ud-ra	te=38	3400	Baud		
•	•	Bau	ud-ra	te=57	7600	Baud		
AD	DRE	SS (I	Dip-S	witc	hes:	DIP-SWITCH STATUS)		
3	4	5	6	7	8	Meaning		
						Address and Baud-Rate are acquired from memory(EEPROM)		
					•	Address=1		
				•		Address=2		
				•	•	Address=3		
			•			Address=4		
Χ	Χ	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ			
•	•	•	•	•	•	Address=63		
RS	485	TERMINATOR (Dip-Switches: DIP-SWITCH STATUS)						
9	10	Me	aning]				
		RS	485 t	ermir	nator	disabled		
	•	RS	RS485 terminator enabled					

RS485 register table

Name	Range	Interpretation of	R/W	Default	Address
		register			
MachineID	/	MSB, LSB	R		40001
	Id_Code (Module ID)			0x02	Bit [15:8]
	Ext_Rev (Module version)				Bit [7:0]
FWREV	/	Word	R		40009
	Firmware Code				
Status	0-1	Bit	R/W		40007
	These bits aren't used			/	Bit [15:2]
	Reset of module: 0=deactivated	d; 1=activated		0	Bit 1
	Save configuration in memory 40003, 40004, 40005, 40006 respectively, in the 40067, 400	6 registers is over	written,	0	Bit 0
	(these ones are in memory 1=activated	EEPROM): 0=deact	ivated;		
Eprflag	0-1	Bit	R/W		40005 (EEPROM 40069)
	These bits aren't used			/	Bit [15:8]
	(*)Fault state enabling. If bit40005.7=1 and if the interval time of RS485-bus communication failure is greater than Timeout/10 [sec], the relays 1-5 and the LEDs1-5 will have the configuration that correspond to bit40003.X. If bit40005.7=1 and if the module is connected to RS485-bus communication for the first time , the relays 1-5 and the LEDs1-5 will have the configuration that correspond to bit40003.X and the bit 40003.X is overwritten to bit 40002.X, with X=0;4. 0=deactivated; 1=activated		1	Bit 7	

(*)Timer reset type. The module has a timer: if the interval time of RS485-bus communication failure is greater than Timeout/10[sec], the module overwrites the content of Fault Output (bits 40003.[0:4]) to Output (bits 40002.[0:4] and registers 00001-00005) It's possible to reset this timer (the timer returns to "Timeout/10[sec]" automatically) when one of the following event occurs: 1) event=the Z-D-OUT module receives a valid message within Timeout/10[sec] (if bit 40005.6=1); 2) event=any module connected to the bus RS485 receives a valid message within Timeout/10[sec] (if bit 40005.6=0)	0	Bit 6
This bit isn't used	/	Bit 5
Parity for RS485: 0=even parity; 1=odd parity	0	Bit 4
Parity for RS485: 0=deactivated; 1=activated	0	Bit 3
(*)Delay for RS485 (delay of communication response: pauses between the end of Rx message and the start of Tx message): 0=there isn't; 1=there is	0	Bit 2
This bit isn't used	/	Bit 1
(*) With reference to the "Coil Status" ModBUS registers 00001-00005 and to the bit40002.0-bit40002.4, it is the state of the relay 1-5. If bit 40005.0=0: relay 1-5 open(closed) corresponds to "0"("1") and LED1-5 turned off(on); if bit 40005.0=1: relay 1-5 open(closed) corresponds to "1"("0") and LED1-5 turned on (off)	0	Bit 0

(*) To modify the bit 40005.0, 40005.2, 40005.6 and 40005.7 state, it isn't necessary to reset the module because the modification is immediate; to modify the other bit state, execute in the order the following operations: write the new configuration in the register and reset the module (switch bit 40007.0 to 1).

Dip-Switch state	0-1	Bit	R		40008
	These bits aren't used			/	Bit [15:8]
	Dip-Switches [1:2] state. Th address for RS485	ey correspond to	module	/	Bit [7:6]
	Dip-Switches [3:8] state. Th baud-rate for RS485	ey correspond to	module	/	Bit [5:0]
Baudrate Address	Address: from 0x01=1 to 0xFF=255	MSB, LSB	R/W		40006 (EEPROM 40070)
	Baudrate for RS485 (baud-rate of module/node if parameters are configurated by memory modality): 0=4800; 1=9600; 2=19200; 3=38400; 4=57600; 5=115200; 6=1200; 7=2400 Address for RS485 (address of module/node if parameters are configurated by memory modality)			38400	Bit [15:8]
				1	Bit [7:0]
Output	0-1	Bit	R/W		40002
	These bits aren't used			/	Bit [15:5]
Output OUT5 state:0=relay5 deactivated and LED5 turned off (there is no current through relay5); 1=relay5 activated and LED5 turned on (there is current through relay5) Output OUT4 state:0=relay4 deactivated and LED4 turned off (there is no current through relay4); 1=relay4 activated and LED4 turned on (there is current through relay4)			ctivated	0	Bit 4
			0	Bit 3	

	Output OUT3 state:0=relay3 deactivated and LED3 turned off (there is no current through relay3); 1=relay3 activated and LED3 turned on (there is current through relay3)			0	Bit 2
	Output OUT2 state:0=relay2 de off (there is no current through and LED2 turned on (there is co	0	Bit 1		
	Output OUT1 state:0=relay1 do off (there is no current through and LED1 turned on (there is continued)	relay4); 1=relay1 ac	tivated	0	Bit 0
Fault Output	0-1	Bit	R/W		40003 (EEPROM 40067)
	These bits aren't used			/	Bit [15:5]
	Fault value of Output OUT5 and LED5 turned off (there is 1=relay5 activated and LED5 through relay5)	no current through r	elay5);	0	Bit 4
	Fault value of Output OUT4 state:0=relay4 deactivated and LED4 turned off (there is no current through relay4); 1=relay4 activated and LED4 turned on (there is current through relay4)				Bit 3
Fault value of Output OUT3 state:0=relay3 deactivated and LED3 turned off (there is no current through relay3); 1=relay3 activated and LED3 turned on (there is current through relay3)			0	Bit 2	
	Fault value of Output OUT2 state:0=relay2 deactivated and LED2 turned off (there is no current through relay2); 1=relay2 activated and LED2 turned on (there is current through relay2)			0	Bit 1
	Fault value of Output OUT1 state:0=relay1 deactivated and LED1 turned off (there is no current through relay1); 1=relay1 activated and LED1 turned on (there is current through relay1)			0	Bit 0
Timeout	Between: 5 (=0.5[sec]); 250 (=25[sec])	Word	R/W		40004 (EEPROM 40068)
	Timeout [sec/10] (if bit40005.7 RS485-bus communication fa 40003.X is overwritten to bit 40	ailure, after which t		100 (=10[sec])	

The «Coil Status»-type registers are shown in the following table:

Name	Range	Interpretation of	R/W	Default	Address
		register			
State OUT1	0-1	Word	R/W		00001
	Output OUT1 state:0=relay1 de	activated and LED1	turned	0	
	off (there is no current through	relay1); 1=relay1 act	tivated		
	and LED1 turned on (there is cu	rrent through relay1)			
State OUT2	0-1	Word	R/W		00002
	Output OUT2 state:0=relay2 deactivated and LED2 turned			/	
	off (there is no current through relay2); 1=relay2 activated				
	and LED2 turned on (there is current through relay2)				
State OUT3	0-1	Word	R/W		00003
	Output OUT3 state:0=relay3 de	activated and LED3	turned	/	
	off (there is no current through	relay3); 1=relay3 act	tivated		
	and LED3 turned on (there is cu	irrent through relay3)			
	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			

State OUT4	0-1	Word	R/W		00004
	Output OUT4 state:0=relay4 deactivated and LED4 turned off (there is no current through relay4); 1=relay4 activated and LED4 turned on (there is current through relay4)			/	
State OUT5	0-1	Word	R/W		00005
	Output OUT5 state:0=relay5 deactivated and LED5 turned / off (there is no current through relay5); 1=relay5 activated and LED5 turned on (there is current through relay5)			/	

LEDs for signalling

In the front-side panel there are 9 LEDs and their state refers to important operating conditions of the module.

LED	LED status	Meaning
PWR	Constant light	The power is on
FAIL	Blinking light The module has at least one of the errors/overflows d in RS485 Registers table	
	Constant light	Module failure
RX	Constant light	Verify if the bus connection is corrected
	Blinking light	The module received a data packet
TX	Blinking light	The module sent a data packet
	Constant light	Verify if the bus connection is corrected
1-5	Constant light	OUT1-5 state equal to «1»
	No light	OUT1-5 state equal to «0» (if the power is on)

Easy-SETUP

To configure the Seneca Z-PC Line modules, it is possible to use Easy-SETUP software, free-downloadable from the www.seneca.it; the configuration can be performed by RS232 or RS485 bus communication.